MILWAUKEE DAILY SENTINEL.

VOLUME XVI. MILWAUKEE, MONDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 5, 1859. NUMBER 197.

THE SENTINEL.

Daily, $7;—Tri-Weekly, $4;—Weekly, $1.50
INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

JERMAIN & BRIGHTMAN,
Publishers and Proprietors.

W. D. JERMAIN.....W. H. BRIGHTMAN

MONDAY MORNING, SEPT. 5, 1859.

Arrival and Departure of Railroad Trains, and Hour of Closing Mails.

MILWAUKEE & CHICAGO.

Depart.	Arrive.	Mails Close.
9:30 A. M.	6:20 P. M.	9:30 A. M.
3:15 P. M.	12:15 A. M.	2:00 P. M.

LA CROSSE & MILWAUKEE.

7:25 A. M.	9:35 A. M.	9:00 P. M.
1:30 P. M.	2:35 P. M.	12:30 P. M.

MILWAUKEE & MISSISSIPPI.

9:30 A. M.	12:40 P. M.	8:00 A. M.
4:05 P. M.	6:15 P. M.	12:30 P. M.
8:00 P. M.		

MILWAUKEE & MORISON.

7:25 A. M.	9:35 A. M.	9:00 P. M.
1:30 P. M.	2:35 P. M.	12:30 P. M.

MILWAUKEE, WATERTOWN & BARABOO VALLEY.

4:20 P. M.	11:25 A. M.	3:30 P. M.

DETROIT & MILWAUKEE.

12:00 M.	2:20 A. M.	11:00 A. M.
8:00 P. M.	12:50 P. M.	7:00 P. M.

Departure of Steamers.

FOR COLLINGWOOD AND THE EAST.

The Collingwood Line of screw steamers leave—one every day, from Bousman's dock, foot of East Water st., connecting at Collingwood with cars from the East.

FOR BUFFALO.

Screw steamers, with good accommodations for passengers, leave the Milwaukee & Chicago station docks every day for Buffalo.

FOR PORT WASHINGTON, &C.

The Steamer Gazelle leaves Johnson & Olmsted's Dock at 8 o'clock in the morning, for Port Washington, Sheboygan, Manitowoc and Two Rivers.

FOR CHICAGO, &C.

The steamer Traveller leaves Johnson & Olmsted's Dock every evening, at 9 o'clock, for Chicago and intermediate ports.

Produce Trade of Milwaukee.

The produce trade, we are glad to say, is beginning to revive. Last week was the most active one we have had this year. Receipts were 3,096 bbls flour, 137,848 bush wheat, 1,816 bush oats, 1,403 bush corn, and 1,553 bush barley; and since January 1st, in the aggregate, 2,006,638 bushels of grain, including flour, against 4,138,051 for the corresponding period in 1858. Receipts for Saturday amount in the aggregate to 36,146 bushels—all wheat with the exception of about 5,000 bushels. Shipments for the week were 421 bbls flour and 113,426 bushels of wheat. Shipments of wheat, including flour, since Jan. 1st, are equal to 1,825,041 bushels against 3,503,366 for the same time last year.

Fires in Ozaukee County.

From the Ozaukee *Advertiser* of the 3d, we learn that about one o'clock on Thursday afternoon, a wood pile at Blakesville, five miles north of that place, took fire from burning brush near by, and before it could be subdued, it burned a log house, barn and twenty cords of wood belonging to Mr. BLAKE of that village, and two hundred cords of wood of very poor quality belonging to another person. Loss altogether cannot much exceed three hundred dollars.

On Thursday night, a wheat stack belonging to M. Peshong, who lives between seven and eight miles North, in town twelve, took fire, and in his efforts to put it out, assisted by a daughter twelve or thirteen years old, a part of the burning wheat fell on the child and before he could rescue her she was burned to death and himself terribly burned.—The fire consumed the wheat stack, set fire to the house and barn and a threshing machine, all of which were destroyed, and has nearly if not quite ruined the poor unfortunate man.

FIRE.—About two o'clock last Tuesday morning, a stack containing about three tons of fine timothy hay on the farm of Mr. Beger, about two miles north of this village took fire and was totally destroyed. The cause of the fire is unknown.

Interesting from the Frontier—Another Indian Battle—Eleven Killed.

The steamer *Omaha* which arrived at St. Joseph on the 29th, from the Upper Missouri, brought intelligence of another bloody fight between the Brule Sioux and the Poncas, on the 13th inst. The Sioux came upon the Poncas while the latter were encamped on the Running Water, and attacked them at once After a brief but desperate fight, the Poncas were driven off with the loss of eleven of their number, among whom were their second, third and fourth chiefs. Others were wounded.

Nine hundred Omahas returned to their Reserve from a hunting expedition, just as the *Omaha* reached Decatur. They had been very successful, having killed and packed 1,000 buffaloes. The corn crop in the Omaha Reserve, in Nebraska, is said to look as thrifty and flourishing as the crop on the farms of the most thrifty white farmers.

Dr. A. M. Robinson, Commissioner of Indian Affairs, was a passenger on the *Omaha*. —*St. Louis Eve. News*, 31.

SHARP PRACTICE.—A few weeks ago there appeared in the several towns in this county two strange peddlars with small packs containing no great amount of goods, nor did they seem as anxious to sell what goods they had as to learn who were the most responsible farmers—how much land they owned, and the extent of crops yearly harvested by them. After they disappeared two more strange peddlars made their appearance with a large supply of linen goods of various kinds, as by them represented, but which in reality were nearly, if not entirely manufactured of cotton, offering them seemingly, very cheap for linen goods, urging them upon the very same farmers whom the two that preceded them had been so particular in enquiring in regard to their circumstances. As an inducement they were willing to sell any amount the farmer might be willing to purchase, exceedingly cheap and take notes at three months. In that way we are informed that they actually did make sales to a large amount.

Very soon after these second two peddlars had made their sales, received their notes and disappeared, two other strangers made their appearance with these identical notes, and were very anxious to trade them off for horses, waggons, cattle, buggies, any kind of stock or produce, and almost without regard to price. These two note brokers were in this village, offering to buy horses, waggons, buggies, or almost anything else and at any prices, provided they could pay in these notes. All of the notes they offered to dispose of in this village were notes given by men known to be perfectly good and reponsible, but the persons to whom they offered them were suspicious of there being something wrong about the matter, and declined trading with them. The whole six were doubtless in partnership, in this new mode and manner of driving trade, and are no doubt at this moment operating in other counties.—*Ozaukee Advertiser, Sept. 3rd.*

THE EMPLOYEES OF THE MICHIGAN SOUTHERN RAILROAD.—A meeting of the employees on the western division of the Michigan Southern Railroad was held at Laporte on the 27th ult., at which a resolution was adopted protesting against accepting pay in scrip or other paper, and declaring that they would work on till the first of the ensuing month; and would then discontinue work and demand three months' pay. A meeting of the employees on the eastern division of the same road was held at Adrian subsequently, which endorsed the above resolution, and further resolved that they would demand the pay due them for the month of August on the 10th of September, and also a regular time for payment hereafter between the 10th and 15th of each succeeding month.—*Detroit Free Press, 2d.*

SAD LOSS BY FIRE.—We learn that on Tuesday evening last, a fire was discovered in the grain stacks belonging to Mr. Wm. Austin, of the town of Leon, destroying about sixteen hundred bushels of wheat, and four hundred bushels of oats; also one hundred tons of tame hay. It was with difficulty the barn and other out-buildings were saved. We did not learn the origin of the fire. This must be a severe loss to Mr. Austin, being nearly the entire products of his farm and labor for the past year.—*Sparta Herald, Sept. 1st.*

BEARS AROUND!—The long dry spell has driven the bears from the woods into the settlements. In several directions near here, they exhibit themselves daily, and afford fine opportunities to hunters. On Thursday, our worthy City Treasurer, Henry Bolting, who is on a hunting expedition up North, with Eastern friends, sent down a bear which he or they had "laid out," and which weighed about 200 pounds.—*Badger State, Portage, Columbia Co.*

The Monster Steamer Great Eastern Coming to New York.

The N. Y. *Herald* of the 1st, contains the following in relation to the *Great Eastern:*

Our readers will remember that our London correspondent mentioned in a recent letter that Mr. Lever, the projector of the Galway line of steamers, had made the handsome offer of $100,000 to the Great Eastern Company for the privilege of running the monster on her first trip from Galway to America. We are now in possession of information, through a private despatch received by the Jason, to the effect that she will sail from Galway on the 15th of this month, and that her destination will be New York and not Portland.

The Great Eastern will touch at St. Johns, leaving there a mail, her despatches for the press, and such passengers as may be bound there, and will proceed directly to this point, where she may be expected to arrive about the 24th inst., or thereabouts.

The advent of this splendid ship in our waters will produce the greatest excitement in all circles—more perhaps than any previous event ever gave rise to in this country. People will flock from all quarters of the Union and from Canada to behold her, and should she be thrown open to visitors, as she doubtless will be, and a small charge be made for admission—say twenty-five cents—the enterprising company who have chartered her may realize one-half the sum they paid for the right to start her from Galway.

It it probable that the Great Eastern will be despatched with a light cargo, and only coal enough for the return voyage, so as to enable her to enter our harbor by the Narrows, which she can easily do, and by lying off until high water, she can come up to her anchorage off the Battery. As to the number of passengers she may bring it is impossible now to speak, though it is not unlikely that our London correspondent's estimate of two or three thousand may be about the mark.

It a source of some pride to the whole country that the first voyage of this great triumph of marine architecture should be made to an American port, and it is an excellent indication of the wisdom and foresight of Mr. Lever that he has selected New York, thus recognizing it as the first port in importance on this continent, and the fittest to receive the visit of this monster of the deep, and be is entitled to the thanks of our citizens for the act. Indeed, Mr. Lever's entire course in connection with transatlantic steam navigation in the conduct of the Galway line has been marked with the greatest shrewdness and good management, and in no respect, perhaps, more than in the selection of the agents of that line here, "The American Express Company" of Wells, Butterfield & Co.; to whom the Great Eastern will be consigned.

The British Corn Trade.

From the Mark Lane Express, Aug. 3.

The early part of the week was rainy and threatening, some quantity having fallen in the North; but subsequently the weather became fine and warm. A good deal of corn has consequently been carried; but some of it will want keeping in the stack to improve the condition, and a larger quantity of barley has sprouted and become somewhat discolored. As labor has continued scarce much harvest work remains, and prices must entirely depend on the continuance of fine weather, But there is scarcely room on present rates for a decline. The new wheat is coming forward in the Southern and Midland counties in quantity, and some parcels are fine and heavy. Still much inferior is expected when the bulk comes to hand. The markets have mostly been thinly attended, some noting an advance on previous rates, and others a small decline, but generally prices have remained without change. In France the buoyancy has caused and given place to a small reduction, but Belgium and Holland have been firm, while Germany has about maintained the previous quotations.

The gatherings in Canada and the Northern States of America have hitherto been propitious, the wheat and spring corn turning out better than was expected; although prices, with small supplies, have improved.—Potatoes appear worse for the rains, and as the early sorts have suffered seriously this year, we apprehend much damage will result to the later kinds. This will renew an extensive demand for Maize, which has suffered both in Europe and America.

There have been eight arrivals off the coast since the 3d, and the business transacted has been as follows: Four cargoes of Wheat, Marianople at 44s. 3d.; Berdinskis at the same price; Polish Odessa at 41s. 3d.; and Taganrog Girka at 43s. One of Rye at 25s. 6d.; and eight cargoes of Maize at from 26s. 7 1-2. to 27s. 9d. per qr.

The sales noted last week were 91,294 qrs. Wheat at 43s.; against 103,141 qrs. in 1858. The London averages were 45s. 11. on 2, 164 qrs. The imports into the principal ports of Great Britain for the week ending 3d August, in Wheat and Flour, were equal to 45,244 qrs. Wheat.

A BLUNDERING CRITIC.—A correspondent of the *News*, inappropriately signing himself "Argus," borrows a bolt of DICKENS' thunder, and very "sarcastically" aims it an individual connected with this paper But like some other correspondents of that sheet, this one's *ear marks* are so distinct as to leave no doubt as to the species of the animal. We quote the following as a specimen:

The careful readers of the Milwaukee papers must have noticed in what has been sarcastically termed the "Leading Republican sheet," a very marked STYLE *of erudition which* HAVE *written the distinctive marks of the locale*, or editor in chief of that journal. They have, no doubt, perused with mingled *mirth and merriment* the heavy political and warlike *leaders* which *marks* the *Sentinel* when its responsible head is turned, or gone-a-fishing.

When "Argus" learns to write two sentences without committing that number of direct assaults upon LINDLEY MURRAY, then perhaps he can more fittingly set himself up as censor of the *Sentinel*. The *News'* critic, we say inappropriately signs himself "Argus," because he should have omitted all but the *first* and *last* letters, and added another s to write himself down in his true character.

SATURDAY EVENING, appointed for the final action in regard to the Horse Railroads, Aldermen PRENTISS, PHELPS, NEIDERMAN and O'NEIL, together with the Clerk and reporters, assembled at the Council room, and waited until half-past 9 for a quorum.—Alderman WEST, being sent for, completed the desired number, and they finally got to work. Alderman WEST took the chair on condition that the ordinance should be laid on the table. Alderman PRENTISS, as chairman of the Committee on Rail Roads, reported in favor of each R. R. bill, and Ald. PHELPS moved the adoption of the report.—The President then reminded Ald. PHELPS of the arrangement, and the report was "magnificently"—laid on the table.

EXCURSION.—The excursion from Grand Rapids to this city takes place to-morrow.—The tickets have been reduced to one-third of the regular price, and we shall expect to witness a great crowd. The Grand Rapids people are whole-souled folks, and we shall never forget the reception that was tendered an excursion from this place some months ago. Nor shall we ever forget the beautiful little city they are so justly proud of—it is emphatically a grand—rapid place.

THE COUNTERFEITERS BOUND OVER.—The counterfeiters PUTNAM and HOSMER, who were arrested at Racine on last Thursday by CONOVER and POWERS, were examined Friday afternoon before Judge MILLER, of the U. S. District Court, and HOSMER was bound over in the sum of $1,000, and PUTNAM in $800 for their appearance at the January term of Court. They are now in jail, and it is doubtful if they get bail.

BOY DROWNED.—Friday afternoon a boy by the name of EMIL JACOB PEARDER, aged 13 years, fell out of a boat in the Milwaukee river, a little above the Menomonee, and was drowned. His mother lives at 37 East Water street. His body was dragged up by Policemen DELANEY and SMITH, but no inquest was held, the accident having been witnessed by several.

BANFORD & BALDWIN have laid on our table the N. Y. *Herald*, in advance of the mail.

R. B. BELL & Co. advertise twenty hhds sugar this morning. See advertisement.

THE CITY.

How we "go Down Hill."

It has been the policy of the *News* and other of the city Press for some time past, to create an impression through the State, if possible, that the financial condition of the SENTINEL is as far from what the proprietors could wish, as *they* (our cotemporaries) are ahead of the SENTINEL in enterprise. For instance, the *News*, of Saturday, in devoting a great deal of space to NYM CRINKLE, adroitly edges in the following insinuation:

"With a few more such correspondents the SENTINEL would go down hill faster than its present rate of speed, which would be useless."

Such repeated falsities seem to call for a statement of facts. Not that we are over egotistical or deem our interests in any jeopardy, but simply like to have the SENTINEL estimated by some other standard of information. The *News* may be sincere in supposing that the SENTINEL is running down hill—the illusion is as natural as for the boy on the cars to suppose that the hills were all running away—the deception arising from the observer's own motion. Nothing can be more easily explained than that the "going up" of the *News* should make it appear that the SENTINEL was going down. But our cotemporary shall be treated to a little sublimity in the way of facts, mere statements it is true—but mark you—statements that any citizen or passer by can verify by stepping into the SENTINEL Counting Room.

We observe, in the first place, that notwithstanding the hard times of the past two years, the DAILY SENTINEL has steadily increased in circulation, while the TRI-WEEKLY and WEEKLY editions have nearly doubled. Are those assertions difficult to swallow? Let our insinuating humorist examine for himself.

In the second place we observe: that the SENTINEL employs *forty-eight* hands, distributed through the various departments of the establishment, all of whom are invariably paid *in full*, IN CASH, (not trade,) every Saturday. Our bills with one house, for the article of paper alone, exceed *one thousand dollars per month*—almost as much as that of all the rest of the English papers in the city, combined.

In the third place, we should like to observe: The SENTINEL concern is free from debt. Can the *News*, or any other paper in Milwaukee, make the same boast, in truth?—We hope so, but doubt it.

Fourthly—we observe: that (subject to verification at any time,) the circulation of the DAILY SENTINEL, *in the country alone*, is greater than the whole Weekly circulation of any other Daily paper in Milwaukee—while, *in the city*, it nearly doubles that of any other Daily published here. This is certainly very astounding, but how can it be helped? It is true.

Fifthly—we observe: the idea of our "going down hill," so apparent in the general irony of our neighbor, probably originated in the fact that we have but recently expanded from our old quarters—come out in a new domicil—fitted up at a great expense upon the main business street—bought a new sign—white-washed and frescoed and fixed up generally. This move to meet the demands of an increasing business, looks like the sudden glare of the just expiring taper, to the *News*, and it needs but one more allusion to Fox Lake, one more foray of NYM CRINKLE to snuff us entirely out. "Alas, poor Yorick!" one might indeed suppose that our down hill progress would beget a little sympathy from the prosperous commercial autocrat. But no! he raises his boot and sends us on our downward way rejoicing, with a very fiendish kick at our Mr. JEFFERSON BRICK.

Lastly, we observe, if envy, malignity and contemptible jealousy could effect our well being, we should not only have been going down hill, but would have arrived at the bottom long ago.

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The Public Schools.

The Fall term of our Public Schools commences this day.

The following is the list of Teachers appointed for the ensuing term:

FIRST WARD.

GRAMMAR DEPARTMENT.

Principal—Mr. A. Markham.

Assistants—Miss C. B. Kavanaugh, Miss M. A. Harris.

INTERMEDIATE DEPARTMENT.

Principal—Miss Julia Taft.

Assistants—Mrs. L. Sholes, Miss E. Quinn.

PRIMARY DEPARTMENT.

Principal—Miss M. V. Osborn.

Assistants—Miss Chapman, Mrs. Tuttle.

SECOND WARD.

GRAMMAR DEPARTMENT.

Principal—Mr. E. W. Spaulding.

Assistants—Miss Sterling, Miss L. J. Vail.

INTERMEDIATE AND PRIMARY.

Principal—Miss M. E. Watterson.

Assistants—Miss Hattie Brown, Miss E. H. Ball, Miss M. Costigan.

THIRD WARD.

GRAMMAR DEPARTMENT.

Principal—Mr. F. C. Pomeroy.

Assistants—Miss Culver, Miss Castleman.

INTERMEDIATE DEPARTMENT.

Principal—Mr. C. O'Mahoney.

Assistants—Mr. P. Connelly, Miss E. Bray.

PRIMARY DEPARTMENT.

Principal—Miss C. A. Gilbert.

Assistants—Miss McGean, Miss K. Kennedy.

FOURTH WARD.

GRAMMAR DEPARTMENT.

Principal—Mr. D. W. Davis.

Assistants—Miss Watkins, Miss Babcock.

INTERMEDIATE DEPARTMENT.

Principal—Miss M. H. Baldwin.

Assistants—Miss J. Rogers, Miss F. Duggan.

PRIMARY DEPARTMENT.

Principal—Miss S. H. Corbett.

Assistants—Miss M. A. Gifford, Miss S. Rogers.

PALMER'S ADDITION SCHOOL.

Principal—J. McAlister.

FIFTH WARD.

GRAMMAR DEPARTMENT.

Principal—Mr. J. E. Bateman.

Assistants—Miss H. Bateman, Miss E. Rundle.

INTERMEDIATE DEPARTMENT.

Principal—Miss A. P. Davis.

Assistant—Miss L. K. Martin.

PRIMARY DEPARTMENT.

Principal—Miss C. A. Alward.

Assistants—Miss N. E. Trowbridge, Miss Gabrielson.

SIXTH WARD.

GRAMMAR DEPARTMENT.

Principal—H. W. Spaulding.

Assistants—Miss Robinson, Miss H. R. Pierce.

INTERMEDIATE DEPARTMENT.

Principal—Miss S. A. Greenleaf.

Assistants—Miss Calkins, Miss Leonard.

PRIMARY DEPARTMENT.

Principal—Miss J. M. Davis.

Assistants—Miss Marsh, Miss Madden.

SEVENTH WARD.

GRAMMAR DEPARTMENT.

Principal—H. B. Coe.

Assistants—Miss Towne, Miss A. M. Stone.

INTERMEDIATE DEPARTMENT.

Principal—Miss M. C. Osgood.

Assistants—Miss S. A. Drake, Miss C. E. Douglas.

PRIMARY DEPARTMENT.

Principal—Mrs. L. Palmer.

Assistants—Miss O'Mara, Miss Lockwood.

EIGHTH WARD.

GRAMMAR DEPARTMENT.

Principal—Mr. J. Ford.

INTERMEDIATE DEPARTMENT.

Principal—Miss Z. B. Trowbridge.

PRIMARY DEPARTMENT.

Principal—Miss Hinkston.

Assistant—Miss H. Bingham.

NINTH WARD.

GRAMMAR DEPARTMENT.

Principal—G. H. Dimmick.

INTERMEDIATE DEPARTMENT.

Principal—Miss E. H. Langdon.

PRIMARY DEPARTMENT.

Principal—L. Hilmantel.

Assistant—Miss A. Brown.

TEUTONIA STREET SCHOOL.

Principal—Mr. Jacob Wahl.

SECOND WARD HIGH SCHOOL.

Principal—E. P. Larkin.

Assistants—Miss M. R. Wheelock, Miss A. E. Miner, Mr. A. Kursteiner, teacher of Music, Calisthenics and German.

SEVENTH WARD HIGH SCHOOL.

Principal—J. G. McKindley.

Assistants—Miss Whipple, Miss Everts, Mr. F. Regenfuss, teacher of Music, German and Writing.

THE JOKE of the following squib from the *Wisconsin* consists in the Locale's intimating that *he did not go*, but gave his ticket to some one else, after he reads the joke in the Chicago *Journal*. We entirely agree with our Chicago friend; it certainly is hard work, in fact an impossibility, to navigate a *straight level in that city:*

THE RECENT EXCURSION.—The Chicago *Journal* lets the cat out of the bag, in speaking of the recent excursion from this city to Chicago. We thought there must have been something wrong about it, for a good many got left in Chicago, and we permitted a certain individual to go on our ticket, as a reporter, whom we have not seen or heard of since. But it is all explained now, in the following item from the *Journal:*

The Milwaukee *Sentinel* came to this city on Wednesday last, in the steamer *City of Cleveland* excursion, and complained bitterly of the grades and pavements in our city. A good many of that crowd; judging from their appearance, found it hard work navigating a straight level.

EXPLAINED.—The following, which came to us with the last number of the Baraboo *Republic*, fully explains the ecstacy of our friend as reported in Saturday's paper.

On the 31st ult., at the residence of J. S. Moseley, Esq., by the Rev. W. H. Thompson, Mr. A. N. KELLOGG, editor of the Baraboo *Republic*, and Miss ANNIE E. BARNES, all of this village.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.—The regular monthly meeting of this association will be held to-morrow (Tuesday) evening, at 7 1-2 o'clock, at the rooms of the association, in Bowman's new building, Milwaukee street, adjoining the Post Office. An essay by one of the members will be read as usual. All young men are cordially invited to attend.

POST OFFICE NOTICE.—On and after Monday, Sept. 5th, mails for Dubuque and Dubuque D. P. O., Iowa; Dunleith, Galena and Freeport, Ill.; also all points on the Racine & Miss. R. R., will close daily, except Sundays, at 8 A. M. J. B. DUNLAP, for P. M.

P. O., MILWAUKEE, Sept. 3, '59.

MR. BROCKWAY has completed the race track on the Fair grounds. There will be a boy in attendance every day (until the commencement of the State Fair) at the Spring street gate to admit visitors free of charge who wish to drive on the course.

FOUND.—A purse containing a small amount of money was found Saturday on East Water street. The owner can have it by calling at this office and paying charges.

WE are indebted to MACK BROS. for New York papers of recent date.

BAMFORD & BALDWIN, at the M. & M. Depot, keep all Eastern Dailies and Weeklies, Harper's monthly, the Atlantic and Ballou's. They furnish the latest news ahead of mail, and can supply the *Sentinel* to all who desire it.

SAMUEL E. BRIDGE,
Real Estate, Money & Insurance Broker.

I OFFER my services for the negotiation of Notes, Mortgages, Stocks, Bonds, and other securities, and for the *obtaining of Loans*. Also, for the purchase and sale of REAL ESTATE. Taxes paid. Abstracts of title furnished. Collections made in all parts of the country.

Marine and Fire Insurance Effected,
In the best Companies, at the lowest rates.

SAML. E. BRIDGE,
Office of Merchants' & Traders' Ins. Co., Michigan street, under Newhall House. mo10t3306dtf1stpp

Western Union and Wisconsin State Telegraph

CONNECTIONS with all lines East. The Wisconsin State Lines run from Milwaukee to La Crosse, Fond du Lac and Waupun, on railroad routes. Also, from Milwaukee to Janesville, Madison, Watertown and Prairie du Chien. Stations at all important intermediate points.

☞ Office hours from 8 A. M. to 6 P. M.
my14t2STdtf-1stpp A. WELLER, Agent.

SENTINEL READING ROOM.

WE have opened in connection with our new Counting Room, 207 East Water st., a Reading Department, where all the leading Daily Papers in the United States and Canada are regularly placed on file, for the benefit of those who may wish to see them. Strangers visiting the city are invited to avail themselves of our "Free Reading Room" at their pleasure.

SEND YOUR
MAGAZINES, &C.,
TO THE
SENTINEL BOOK BINDERY,
AND HAVE THEM BOUND.

☞ The Cost is Trifling. ☜

NOTICE.—EDWARD P. ALLIS has opened an office under the State Bank, entrance on East Water, street just north of Michigan street, and will give his attention to buying, selling or exchanging real estate and securities, and any other business which may require the services of an agent. my5t2446d6m1stpp

☞ SUBSCRIBE FOR AND ADVERTISE in the *Manitowoc Tribune*, Daily and Weekly. The *Tribune* is the largest weekly, and the *only* daily paper north of Milwaukee. Terms, cash in advance. SMITH & STONE, Publishers dtf

☞ To MERCHANTS.—Advertise in the *Republican*, Grafsville, Calumet Co., J. N. STONE, Editor and Proprietor. aug10-618tf

☞ DRS. JULIAN & EDWARDS, Private Physicians, Office, 134 Main street, Milwaukee, Wis. my9dd1y

☞ Look out for imitations of Lee & Perrin's Worcestershire sauce. See advertisement of John Duncan & Sons. sep10-d3awly

E. TOWNSEND MIX,
ARCHITECT.

PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS FURnished, and Buildings superintended on reasonable terms. Office on corner of East Water and Wisconsin streets, in Ludington's Block. Jan21

Auction Sales.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE
—OF—
Books and Stationery
BY AUCTION,

AT THE OLD STAND OF C. H. HERMAN,
175 East Water Street,
COMMENCING THIS DAY, (SATURDAY, AUG. 27,)

And continue each day until all is sold. Sale Positive. Terms cash. Sale to begin at 9 A. M. and 2 P. M. aug27 WM. HAYDEN, JR., Assignee.

WAREHOUSE SALE.

WILL BE SOLD, AT AUCTION, FOR charges, for account of whom it may concern, at the Warehouse of H. & J. F. Hill, East Water st., on Monday, October 3d, 1859, at 11 o'clock A. M.:

1 Horse Power,
2 superior Grain Drills,
1 Threshing Machine,
1 Portable Saw Mill:
sep3t4dlnoc CALEB WALL, Auction'r.

CITY AUCTION ROOM,
NUMBER 146 EAST WATER STREET,
Milwaukee. CALEB WALL will sell all descriptions of goods at his usual price; advance on all goods, and sell at public or private sale. sep21

CITY AUCTION ROOM.

CHATTEL MORTGAGE SALE OF EXTRA Superfine Furniture.—I will sell by order of whom it may concern, at the cottage dwelling house on Marshall st., between Division and Knapp sts., the following property. The sale to take place at said dwelling house, on Tuesday morning, Sept. 6th, at 9 o'clock, A. M. all of which is of the superior grade of goods:

2 pair Brocatel e Curtains, 1 Green Easy Chair, 1 do Hair Cloth, 1 Mahogany Settee, 1 Hair Cloth Sofa, 1 Parlor Oil Painting, 1 Marble Top Wash Stand, 1 mahogany Lodstead and Spring Mattress, 30 yds three Ply Carpet, &c. aug30 CALEB WALL, Auction'r.

WILLIAMS & RODWAY,
Auction and Commission Merchants,
Land Agents and Money Brokers,
19 WISCONSIN STREET, 19.

WILL GIVE PARTICULAR ATTENtion to the sale of Furniture, Dry Goods, and every description of Boots and Shoes, at their sale room or in any part of the City or County.

☞ Liberal advances on consignments, and prompt returns made.

N. B.—Bonds, Notes, and Mortgages negotiated
S. WILLIAMS. W. H. RODWAY.
Milwaukee, January 17, 1859. jan18d&3dlly

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☞ For particulars and circular, address
E. PENNOYER, Proprietor, Or,
H. T. SEELEY, M. D.
aug15d12w3mo.

PARKER SEWING MACHINE CO.
Family Sewing Machines,
PRICE $40, COMPLETE.

VERNON & CO.,

THIS IS A NEW FIRST CLASS MACHINE, making the celebrated GROVER & BAKER Stitch.

EQUALITY OF THE GROVER & BAKER CO. These machines are noiseless—run rapidly—sew from two spools and form a seam of unequalled strength, beauty and elasticity which will not rip, if every fourth stitch be cut. The are unquestionably the best in the market for family use. They will hem, fell, bind, braid, gather and stitch.

THEY WILL DO ANYTHING THAT ANY OTHER MACHINE CAN DO.

Machines fully finished in cabinets. Heavy machines for manufacturing purposes. Hemmers and Binders extra.

WE DESIRE AN ACTIVE, EFFICIENT AGENT IN EVERY CITY AND TOWN IN THE UNITED STATES.

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Meriden, Ct., Prest's. } sep15t606wlm NEW YORK

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SUCCESSOR TO
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Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
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—AT—
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CORNER ERIE & EAST WATER STS.,
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ALL KINDS OF LUMBER AND TIMber kept in stock, and Farmers' Produce taken in Exchange at the Market prices.

Dealers can be supplied by the single Car Load, or by the Cargo.
Mills, Manistee, Mich. Residence Stimson's Hotel
je4t27 w6m

THE FAMILY TREASURY
—OF—
SUNDAY READING,
EDITED BY REV. ANDREW CAMERON,
Formerly Editor of the "Christian Treasury."

PART TWO

OF THIS ATTRACTIVE MAGAZINE is now ready. It is full of the most delightful Sunday Reading, and is

The Only Religious Magazine in the Country

Suitable for all Denominations, everything Sectarian being carefully excluded from its pages.

SUBSCRIPTION, TWO DOLLARS PER YEAR, which will be received by any Bookseller or News Agent, and may be remitted to the Publishers.

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200,000 Feet of Dry Lumber!
TWO YEARS OLD,
JUST RECEIVED FROM SAGINAW, which we will sell for cash as cheap as others sell their Green Lumber. Also 500,000 best Green Bay Shingles, which will make a better and one-third cheaper roof than anything else that was ever invented or used. Also, all other kinds of lumber, Long Joist and Scantling, Lath, Pickets and Cedar Posts. je23t445d1y1stp MABBETT & BREED.

TELEGRAPH!

REPORTED BY THE N. Y. ASSOCIATED PRESS FOR THE DAILY SENTINEL.

Later from California Overland.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 2.

The overland mail of the 12th ult. has arrived. Business inactive and prices unchanged.

W. T. Wilkins, District Attorney of Sutler Co., and candidate for the Legislature, was shot on the 9th, by Judge Way, of Yuba Co., whose daughter Wilkins had seduced.

Senator Broderick addressed the largest meeting ever assembled at Sacramento, on the 9th. He made a full expose of the bargain and sale of the Gwin Senatorial election.

The Convention at Carson Valley have framed a constitution for a provisional government, and declares Carson Valley independent of Utah, and gives it the name of Nevada Territory.

Victoria dates are to the 6th of August.—The Island of San Juan, between Vancouvers and Mainland, claimed by our Government as a part of Washington Territory, has been occupied by sixty United States troops, by order of Gen Harney. Governor Douglas issued a protest, claiming the Island for the British Crown, and also despatched some armed vessels, with two hundred sappers and miners. The United States vessels Massachusetts, Jeff. Davis, Shubrick and Active, and British vessels Tribune, Satelite and Plumper, were either anchored off the Island, or in immediate vicinity. It was unofficially stated in Victoria, that the matter will be compromised by the joint occupancy of the Island, until the British and U. S. Governments could be advised as to the existing state of affairs.

Gen. Harney was expected at San Juan on the 5th of August.

Frazer River mining news is encouraging. Seventy-five thousand dollars in gold reached Victoria within a fortnight.

Advices from Oregon state that the Palos Indians are harrassing Lieut. Mullen's wagon road, destroying mile posts, and burning the grass on all camping grounds.

Los Angelos Vineyard, 15th, gives an account of a battle between fifty troops under Major Amistead and four hundred Mohave Indians, on the 4th, in which about 50 Indians were killed.

Treaty Ratified.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3—3 P. M.

The Department of State have been informed of the ratification, by Nicaragua, of the Lamar-Co

THE SENTINEL.

DAILY, TRI-WEEKLY & WEEKLY.

RUFUS KING, EDITOR.

MONDAY MORNING, SEPT. 5, 1859.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

FOR GOVERNOR,
ALEXANDER W. RANDALL, of Waukesha.
FOR LIEUT. GOVERNOR,
BUTLER G. NOBLE, of Walworth.
FOR SECRETARY OF STATE,
LEWIS P. HARVEY, of Rock.
FOR TREASURER,
SAMUEL D. HASTINGS, of Trempealeau.
FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL,
JAMES H. HOWE, of Brown.
FOR BANK COMPTROLLER,
G. VAN STEENWYCK, of Columbia.
FOR STATE PRISON COMMISSIONER,
HANS BEG, of Racine.
FOR SUPT. OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,
C. S. PICKARD, of Grant.

Does the Constitution Create Slavery?

The opinions of public men upon the great political questions of the day, are public property; and all have an undoubted right to enquire into the soundness and justice of those opinions; particularly is this the case when a public man places before the people a document, in which questions and principles of the deepest interest are discussed, and new doctrines and policies of government are set forth, upon which he places himself and asks the people of the United States to support him as a candidate for the Presidency.

Then without any long studied argument, I shall proceed to examine into some of the positions assumed by Mr. DOUGLAS in his late document.

He says that the "first duty of an American Statesman is,to mark distinctly the dividing line between federal and local authority," —"that the relative powers and functions of the federal and State governments are well understood, but that the right of the people of a territory to govern themselves, in respect to their local affairs and internal policy, remains a fruitful source of partizan strife and sectional controversy."

Whether Mr. DOUGLAS has yet learned to perform the first duty of an American statesman I will not attempt to say; but it is generally considered by all parties, that Congress has no right to interfere with the institution of slavery in the States where it exists. Slavery is a creature of local, positive law, and no State has the right to interfere with the local affairs of a sister State. This is the position of the Republican party, and I believe it is the position of Mr. DOUGLAS, as to the rights of the States upon the question of slavery. But as his doctrine of Popular Sovereignty is a territorial one, involving the right of the people of a territory to establish or abolish slavery, and also the rights of Congress to legislate upon the question of slavery in the territories, I shall first proceed to examine into the rights of the territories; secondly into the rights of Congress as regards the question of slavery.

The original thirteen colonies before the foundation of the confederation, were separate and independent powers. As Mr. DOUGLAS says, slavery existed and was governed in each of those colonies, by different local laws, and as the laws of each colony had no force beyond its own limits, a slave could be held as such only in the colony where he was made a slave, and as soon as he got beyond the borders of such colony he became a free man.

Then, unless at the time of the formation of the Union and of the constitution, slavery was made national, it remained after that time, the same as it was before, a creature of local law, and not national in its character.

But did the constitution nationalize slavery; or, was it made national in the formation of the Union in any manner? When the different delegates which formed the constitutional convention stepped beyond the borders of the States or Colonies which they represented, they left their local laws behind them, and when they met in the constitutional convention they must have been governed not by the thirteen different State laws, but by the law which was common to them all, which was the common law; hence their acts, proceedings, and the constitution must be interpreted by that law. But the common law does not recognize slavery, or property in man, and as soon as a slave stepped on the soil of England, he became a free man and the law will protect him in the enjoyment of his person and property. [Blackstone's Com., book 1, page 424-425.] And as will also appear in the case of JAMES SOMMERSET, who was an African, was sold to a person and taken to Virginia, from thence he was taken to England where he was released from slavery. Lord MANSFIELD granted a writ of habeas corpus, ordering the Captain of the ship, who held SOMMERSET in custody to bring him up with the cause of his detention. The above facts being disclosed on the return, JAMES SOMMERSET was set free. [See Hargrave's argument in 11 St. Tr. 340, and the case as reported in Lofft's Rep. 1.] In those cases it may be seen that liberty by the common law depended not upon the complexion. And, as was remarked by one learned writer, the air of England is too pure for a slave to breath in. Then as slavery could not exist by the common law, unless it was expressly authorized and established by the constitution, it could only exist by positive local enactment.

All subjects of law are divided into the rights of persons, and the rights of things; things are treated as property, but persons are never treated as such, and if slaves are spoken of at all, in the Constitution, they are spoken of as persons and not as things; for instance, "three-fifths of all other persons," and "any person held to service or labor in one State, &c.," which language of the Constitution speaks of them as persons in contra-distinction to property.

The first clause in the Constitution which is claimed to refer to slaves is in Art. 1 Sec. 2, which is as follows: "Representatives and direct taxes shall be apportioned among the several States according to their respective numbers, which shall be determined by adding to the whole number of free persons, *including those bound to service for a term of years* and excluding Indians not taxed, three-fifths of all other persons." It is not pretended by any that those who are mentioned as being held to service, are referred to as slaves; but that the phrase "three-fifths of all other persons" does refer to them. But if this clause authorizes slavery, it also authorizes and creates that other class of persons, who are spoken of as being held to service as above referred to, who are generally supposed to be apprentices, together with Indians who are taxed, for they are all spoken of alike.

Sec. 9, Art. 1 says that "the migration or importation of such persons as any of the States now existing shall think proper to admit, shall not be prohibited prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight." If this clause refers to slaves, it plainly shows that after the year 1808 Congress had the right to prohibit the *importation or migration* of such slaves into *any* of the original thirteen States, and that as to the new States which might be formed, Congress had the power to apply such a prohibition, at any time.

The 2nd clause of section 2, article 4, says "no person held to service, or labor, in one State, under the laws thereof, escaping into another, shall in consequence of any law or regulation thereof, be discharged from such services or labors but shall be delivered upon claim of the party to whom such service or labor is due." There are good reasons for believing that this clause does not refer to slaves. The phrase, "persons held to service and labor," in this clause is precisely like the one in section 2, of article 1, which refers to apprentices, and which no one will pretend has references to slaves, but why should we not believe that they both refer to the same class? Again, if a slave is property, (as he is claimed to be in the States where they exist) then they can owe nothing, neither can anything be due from them, for all that they are or have is their masters. That is due from another which justice and right requires one to pay; does justice or right require one person to work and be enslaved by another? Who ever heard of an ox or a horse being indebted to a man; yet a slave and a horse are both alike regarded as property in the above States.

Nevertheless, if this last clause does refer to slaves, still the constitution does not authorize slavery, neither does it give to Congress the right to protect it any more than it authorizes and protects criminals; because they are to be remanded back to the State from which they may escape, as well as slaves.

Now I have referred to every clause in the constitution which any one will claim as having reference to slavery; and every candid mind will be satisfied that there is nothing in the constitution which creates, authorizes, or encourages slavery. Then it must exist after the adoption of that instrument, just where it did before, a creature of local law; hence cannot exist outside of the State in which it is created. Therefore, as soon as a person who is held a slave under the law of any State, is taken, or escapes beyond the borders of the State in which he was made a slave, he becomes a free man, and no power, legislature, or Congress, has any more right to reduce him again to slavery, than they have to make slaves of every person in this State; neither have they any more right to again deprive him of his liberties than they have to deprive him of his life. Then, in order that slavery may exist in a territory, it must be created therein. But what power is there which has any right to create it, and to make one man or class of men work and slave for another. There is no power which has such a right; but if there was such a right, who could exercise it? Mr. DOUGLAS advocates the power of the territorial legislature to exercise it. If it can take away any man's liberty, it can take the liberties of all away. From whence does it derive such power? all the power it possesses is derived either from Congress, or from the people, but mainly from Congress. It is not claimed that Congress can give it that right. Has one man any right to compel another to be a slave and work for him. If one has no such right, two, four, fifty, or one hundred, or one thousand have no such right. Then if no number of people have any such right, they cannot delegate it; and if the people of a territory, or Congress cannot delegate that right to the territorial legislature, then it cannot exercise it. Then it must appear evident to every intelligent mind, that by virtue of any power which may exist in a territorial legislature, by the constitution, or by the common law, slavery cannot be created or exist in a territory. S. W. G.

The Phonetic Reform.

The following address by the Hon. JOHN B. JILSON, of Kenosha, was read before the Phonetic Convention, at its session at Portage City, on the 26th ult., and ordered printed. We would ask for it a candid perusal by every friend of Education in the State:

To the Friends of Education in Wisconsin:

The saying of a wise man and erudite scholar that he who "makes two blades of grass grow where but one grew before, has conferred a lasting benefit upon the race," is more and more realized every day through the practical inventions that American genius is developing in all the useful walks of life. Art and science are fast emerging from their chrysalis and theoretic state to the practical and useful. The shortest distance between two points, the easiest mode of access, the least possible friction in the working of machinery, the greatest capacity of a given force, the highest results, the fullest achievements on the smallest capital. These are the living issues, the ready questions of the day; what best answers them, meets and obtains success. Why should the acquirements of reading, of elocution, of orthography, be exempt from the general spirit of progress? Are our teachers less inventive, less practical, less awake to the higher results of their profession than the mechanic and agriculturist?—Or has the old A B C practice become stereotyped, patented, having pains and penalty attached to the violation of acoustomed usages? Must Runic lines always be traced, though never so crooked, and a twenty-six inch bedstead always be used by our pedagogic Procrustes' to teach a language that is now six feet and well proportioned. We cannot believe it; we know the characters of our teachers too well; they are generally a wide-awake, intelligent, active and progressive class, whose ready answer will be, "show us a better way and we will adopt it."

We believe we can show a better way than the old A B C method, or any other arbitrary system that has been in use in teaching the art of the English language. We present to you the Phonetic method, and claim that it is based upon purely natural and elementary principles; that it is Nature's method, and therefore cannot be wrong; that it is truthful and therefore harmonious with itself; and with all sciences; that it is easy of acquirement and in the highest degree pleasing and suggestive to the pupil; that it cultivates habits of correctness in pronunciation, educates the ear to a critical distinction of sounds, and gives self-reliance to the pupil by starting him upon the elementary basis of all language, the Phonics of the human voice.

Had singular enough, our educators, instead of beginning upon this truly scientific basis to teach the art of reading to the child, commence upon the arbitrary ideographic mode of learning the names of letters instead of the elements of sounds, the result of which is that when the child has memorized every letter of the alphabet to perfection—he has made no advance in the combination of sounds to produce syllables; he has learned nothing that will suggest to him the way to spell the word boot, or any other the most simple of words; he has parrot-like learned the names of the letters, he must now parrot-like learn to spell, and read; and were it not for the native genius of the child, rising above the forms and shackles of his training, he would always be a parrot.

But you ask how can this be remedied? We must take things as they are, we can't revolutionize English orthography and change the habits of a nation in a day. Our books are all clothed in this garb; as our fathers did, so must we. The plea is old; its form is stereotyped; it meets us on every platform, it always has, it always will; yet notwithstanding, the world has progressed, it will continue to progress. The English language will one day be Phonetic, and that at no distant day. When the principle is admitted and universally known, the outward form will clothe itself to represent its inward beauty. Silently the barbarism of the past have disappeared. Silently will the excrescences and absurdities of our present orthography disappear; before the advancing science of the day, they *must* disappear. A more rational mode of teaching the elements if reading will induce a more rational mode of spelling. When the rising generation have learned to spell by sound, they will soon learn to write by sound, and no ancient regime or time-honored custom will prevent the outward form from being the true expression of an inward principle.

GET READY FOR THE EXCURSION.—We trust that a large number of our citizens will participate in the delightful excursion to Milwaukee on Tuesday and Wednesday next.—Such an opportunity to visit the city of bricks, and at the same time enjoy a ride on first class boats across Lake Michigan, has never before occurred and will rarely be presented hereafter. There will be fine music on board the steamships, and we are assured that every preparation will be made to ensure a good time for the excursionists, both on the route and at Milwaukee. The fare will be only $2,50 for the whole trip, and return tickets will be good during the week.—*Grand Rapids Eagle.*

SEVENTH NATIONAL EXHIBITION OF THE U. S. AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.—The second edition of premium lists of the above society has just come to hand. From it we learn the prospects of the Fair being a successful one, are all that could be desired. The entry books will be opened at Chicago on the 5th of September, and the Fair commence on the 12th Chicago just at that time will present a busy appearance, and the well-known hospitality of her citizens be fully tested.

THE Ripon *Times* of the 2d contains the following items:

Another severe frost last night cuts off the last hope for the corn and buckwheat crops in this region.

FIRES.—We learn that fires have raged extensively during the past week on the Fox River marshes in Green Lake and Marquette Counties, and that hundreds of stacks of hay have been burned.

WHY is an egg like a horse? Because it is not usable till broken,

THE PRIZE RING.

Great Excitement among the Fancy—Prospect of a Match between the Benicia Boy and Tom Sayers, the Champions of the American and English Prize Rings—Aaron Jones Pays a Forfeit to Sayers in the Match.

From the N. Y. Herald, Aug. 25th.

The sporting fancy of New York, have been in a high state of excitement for the last few days, in consequence of certain circumstances having transpired which render the long and ardently desired match between John C. Heenan, better known as the "Benicia Boy," the present champion of the American Prize Ring, and Tom Sayers, who holds the same position in England, almost a matter of certainty.

It will be remembered that some six months ago, the Benicia Boy, who had been disappointed in getting on a match in this country after his defeat by Morrissey, and the subsequent retirement of the latter from the ring, boldly threw down his cartel of defiance to the trans-atlantic champion, and challenged him to fight for any sum from one thousand to five thousand dollars and the champion's belt. This certainly appears at first sight a rash proceeding, as Sayers has fought some twelve or fourteen times in the ring, only suffering defeat once, owing to a want of condition, while the Benecia Boy had only once fought a regular prize battle, in which he was defeated by Morrissey.

But Heenan possesses natural advantages over Sayers, which, in the judgment of his friends, more than compensate for the greater experience of the latter in the prize ring. He stands nearly six inches higher than Sayers, and in weight is fully forty pounds heavier. He is also a much younger man, and possesses great muscular power and activity, as well as a fair knowledge of the science of self-defense. His challenge was duly despatched to England, but, owing to the ignorance or neglect of his business agent in this city, the necessary cash forfeit, without which all ring challenges (which are conducted on the cash principle) go for nothing, was not sent at the same time. The delay consequent on this state of affairs seemed likely to prove fatal to the Benicia Boy's hopes of a match, for before the mistake could be rectified another aspirant for pugilistic honors appeared in the field. This was Aaron Jones, who had previously fought and been defeated by Tom Sayers, and who had visited this country for the express purpose of training the Benicia Boy for his fight with Morrissey. After that event Jones had visited the Southern States, and at New Orleans he found an influential sparring friend who was willing to find the "sinews of war" and give him another chance to regain the laurels he had lost to Sayers, as well as gaining the position of Champion of England. This gentleman, therefore, immediately offered to match Jones against Sayers for the usual sum of one thousand dollars and the champion's belt, and in a business like spirit remitted to the usual stakeholder the entire amount.

At that time Sayers had no less than three matches on hand—viz: with Bill Benjamin, Bob Brittle, and an unknown. The first named has already been decided in his favor, while the fight with the second named will be decided on the 20th of next month. He, however, promptly acceded to Aaron Jones' offer, and deposited $250 forfeit to bind the match, leaving the arrangement of further details as to time and place of fighting, &c., until after his fight with Brittle. Had Heenan remitted his money at the time he sent his challenge, he would have had a prior claim upon Sayers' good offices to his former trainer, as the principle of "first come, first served," when the cash is forthcoming, holds good in pugilistic arrangements. In consequence of this, Sayers, in acknowledging the challenge of the Benicia Boy, courteously informed him, that although he had been anticipated by his friend Jones in arranging a match, he would have the greatest pleasure in accommodating him as well for the amount he stated, in case anything should occur to prevent the matches he had already made from proceeding, or even if he could prevail upon Jones to forego his prior claims to his services.

Matters have consequently remained in *statu quo* up to the last few days, the Benecia Boy's hopes of having an opportunity to "measure fists" with Sayers growing fainter and weaker as the period for which that champion was bound to maintain his honor and position intact—June next—was gradually approaching. The gentleman, however, who had so warmly espoused the cause of Aaron Jones, and who staked the whole amount for him as his backer, has lately become so dissatisfied with his *protege*, and his confidence in either his honor or abilities, or both, so diminished that he has written by the last mail to the stakeholder, notifying him that he forfeits the $250 down on Jones' account to Tom Sayers, and that he will not proceed any further with the match. He also instructs the stakeholder who is the editor of *Bell's Life in London*, to hold the balance $750, towards the match between the Benicia Boy and the English champion, and as the former has already $250 in the stakeholder's hands, the sum of one thousand dollars is now ready in London to match America's champion of the ring against the English champion.

As the road to an amicable match is now clear, we have little doubt but that Sayers will promptly and unhesitatingly give the Benicia Boy the chance he so earnestly desires of carrying off in triumph the champion's belt of the English prize ring. We may yet have an opportunity of witnessing and proving the truth or falsehood of the sneering assertion of the "leading journal of Europe," that Americans are degenerating in physical power and constitutional stamina. Should John C. Heenan succeed in defeating the gallant and scientific hero of the English ring in a fair, stand up, hand to hand encounter, it will be regarded by the majority of his countrymen as a far greater and more important national triumph than that of the recent victories of the American over English race-horses at Goodwood.

Return of a Cleveland Boy Stolen by Indians Twenty-six Years Ago.

From the Cleveland Herald, Aug. 30.

One of the most extraordinary narratives that we have had the fortune to relate has just come under our notice. It was told us by the hero himself, and the most searching investigation fails to shake the truth of the story, astonishing as it may seem to be. If there is any deception in the case, we fail to see its object.

About twenty-six years ago some Canada Indians were in Cleveland, and did some trading with the people. In the course of the trade the Indians fancied they had been cheated, and, in order to revenge themselves, stole a three-year old boy from the city and carried him off to Canada. As far as can be learned the child was stolen from a small brown house, but in what part of the city, or any further particulars of the theft, cannot be learned.

The captors kept the boy in Canada for a few days, and then bearing his recovery by the whites, sold him to a party of Pottawatamies, who kept him about a month. By these he was again sold to the Paw Paws, in which tribe he remained about a month, but, as there were some fears that he would be traced and taken by the whites, he was traded off to the Winnebagoes of Illinois and Wisconsin.

How long he remained in the keeping of this tribe has not been ascertained, but he was eventually transferred from them to the Chippewas of Wisconsin, who again sold him to the Sioux Indians of Minnesota.

Twenty-five years ago he was sold by the Sioux to the Snakes and Copperheads of Iowa. When this tribe removed to Missouri, he accompanied them, and afterwards went with them in their migrations through California and Oregon. That portion of the tribe with which he remained finally proceeded as far north as the Russian Possessions near Behring's Straits, and there, with portions of the Creeks, Utahs, and other large bands of Indians, they at present remain. Their principal point of settlement is about three hundred miles from the North Pacific Ocean, and about twenty-two hundred miles to the north west of St. Paul.

One of the points in the Russian territory where the tribe occasionally visits is "Russian Fort," which is laid down on the map as near Colville River. The hero of this strange adventure says the Fort is in the vicinity of a small river, the name of which, other than given by his tribe, he does not know.

The Snake and Copperhead Indians trade with St. Paul, having a semi-annual train to that place. The train has about two thousand Indians. One party starts from St. Paul about the same time that the other starts from the hunting grounds, thus meeting them about half-way. The furs are packed on ponies, elks and dogs.

On their last semi-annual trip, the hero of these adventures received a pass from one of the chiefs—"Ma-co-chew-a-awa"—to seek out his relatives, and, if found, to remain with them a while.

The pass requires his presence in St. Paul at their next trip in 1860. Seven of the tribe accompanied "Mo-kes-e-que-qua"—for that is the Indian name of the young man—to Chicago. From that place he has footed it most of the way, and arrived here yesterday. At Fremont his features were recognized by a man as bearing a strong resemblance to one Joseph Todd, who is said to have resided in Cleveland about thirty years since.

For some time past the young man has been engaged in tracing up his history, and what we have given above is the result of his inquiries. He says he has no desire to leave his Indian associates as he has a wife and two children among them. He speaks English well, having learned it he says in his trading at St. Paul. He says that his hair was cut, and his clothing changed to conform to white ussges before leaving St. Paul.

PUNCH says that Rarey is the philosopher of a Stable mind.

A WARNING TO BOYS WHO STAND ON THEIR HEADS.—The Portage (O.) *Sentinel* says:

We regret to record that our townsman, Dr. W. M. Prentice, has sustained a severe affliction in the death of his little son, Frank. While visiting recently with his grand parents, in Boardman township, Mahoning county, he was taken suddenly ill, and upon investigation the cause was found to proceed from too violent muscular exertion, he being accustomed, like many other boys, to performing such feats as walking on his hands, standing on his head, etc. He continued to grow worse, from day to day, the disease acting upon his physical nature, and not at all influencing his brain, until Tuesday of last week, when he expired. A few moments before his death, he bade his parents, little sister, and all his friends, good bye, and noticing the feelings exhibited by them, took the hands of his father, and said "Poor Papa and Mamma," and immediately composed himself for that sleep which knows no waking in this world.

☞ ALFRED MARKS, Esq., says: "My wife has been sorely afflicted with Dyspepsia for the last year. During that time she had used so many medicines which seemed to aggravate rather than remove the disease, that we almost despaired of her recovery. Living in the country, she enjoyed all the advantages of pure air and exercise, yet each day she seemed to be more enfeebled. With some difficulty, I persuaded her to take your HOLLAND BITTERS, which, I am happy to state has completely cured her."

CAUTION!—Beware of Imposition See that the name of Benjamin Page, Jr. & Co., sole proprietors Pittsburgh, Pa., is on the label of every bottle.

HENRY FESS, Jr., Wholesale Druggist, 195 East Water street, Wholesale Agent for Milwaukee; sold, also by WM. FINKLER, 77 East Water street, and by Druggists generally. sep2 1tw

Groceries and Provisions.

H. C. LIVINGSTON,
14 SPRING STREET,
MILWAUKEE.

THE SUBSCRIBER, HAVING PURCHASED all the stock in trade, and also all the accounts and debts due of the late firm of Geo. H. Stevens, would respectfully solicit the continuance of patronage heretofore extended to him. All those indebted to him are requested to make payments to the subscriber or to Mr. V. L. Livingston, who is also authorized to collect the same for my account. I have now in store a large assortment of Groceries and Provisions, which I am offering at the lowest market prices. H. C. LIVINGSTON.

Having disposed of my interest in the Wholesale and Retail Grocery business, I would recommend all my old customers to continue the favors to my successor, Mr. H. C. Livingston, who will be pleased to see all who will favor him with a call at the old stand, 14 Spring St., in this city. GEO. H. STEVENS.

THIS WAY WITH YOUR MONEY!

JOHN W. LEDYARD,
Cash Grocer and Wine Dealer,
NO. 161 EAST WATER STREET.

FISHERMEN A'HOY!
SEINE AND GILLING TWINE.
I AM IN RECEIPT OF A LARGE LIST of Seine and Gilling Twine, composed of all the various numbers and qualities, which I am determined to sell cheap. Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere. JOHN W. LEDYARD,
Grocer and Wine Dealer,
161 East Water St.

CLARET WINE.
50 CASES SUPERIOR QUALITY JUST received, and for sale cheap, by JOHN W. LEDYARD,
Grocer and Wine Dealer,
161 East Water street.

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS
CONSTANTLY ON HAND AND FOR sale cheap at LEDYARD'S
Wine and Tea Store.

CHAMPAGNE WINE.
THE LARGEST STOCK IN THIS CITY of all the various brands, at LEDYARD'S
jy27 Wine and Tea Store.

J. D. ALLCOTT. A. E. ALLCOTT.
ALLCOTT BROTHERS,
FAMILY GROCERS,
22 Chestnut Street,
MILWAUKEE.
Goods Delivered Promptly, Free of Charge.
dec14h365dly

L. T. CHASE & CO.,
SHIP CHANDLERS & GROCERS,
Wholesale & Retail,
Waldo's Block, Cor. East Water & Chicago Sts.
OFFER IN LOTS TO SUIT PURCHASERS:
Manilla Rope, (all sizes);
Russia do do
Tarred Hemp Rope, (all sizes);
Marline, Houseline,
Hambroline,
Spun Yarn,
Lath Yarn,
Cotton Duck, (all numbers);
Tar, Pitch,
Oakum, Oars,
Blocks, Hooks and Thimbles,
Seine Twine,
Paints, Oils, &c., &c.,
And a full assortment of everything usually found in a first-class Ship Chandlery Store.
Aug18h84dly.

JUST RECEIVED, A LARGE LOT OF Two Yarn Manilla, suitable for Baling and Binding purposes. Also single Manilla Twine. CHEAP.
L. T. CHASE & CO.

F. JACOBI & CO.,
No. 20 Market Square, Murray's Block
RECOMMEND THEIR WELL KNOWN stock of—
FRENCH AND RHINE WINES,
BRANDIES, ARRAC, RUM AND GIN,
And all other articles in their line of business. Our Goods are of the best quality, and we continue to sell the same at lowest prices, at the lowest possible prices.
One Counter, and some other articles adapted to a Grocery Store, for sale cheap. aug23h10dly

EDWARD TRUSLOW,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
FOREIGN & DOMESTIC FRUITS
Teas, Tobacco, Fish, &c.,
119 East Water St., Milwaukee, Wis..
HAVING A BUYER CONSTANTLY IN the New York market, has facilities for offering Goods unsurpassed by any House in the West.
Je22g'62dly.

Saddlery Hardware, &c.

1859.—SPRING OF—1859.
136 EAST WATER STREET.
GEO. DYER & CO.,
HAVE ON HAND ALTOGETHER THE most extensive and complete Stock of
SADDLERY HARDWARE,
AND CARRIAGE TRIMMINGS,
To be found in the State. In our Stock may be found all articles used by Saddle and Harness Makers. Our Trace Hammers and Trunk Nails, and the Awls we respectfully call the attention of the trade.
We keep on hand more than 100 varieties of Saddles, including
SIDE, SPANISH, PAD, COLUMBIAN, AMERICAN AND ENGLISH SADDLES.
All kinds of TEAM, WAGON, BUGGY, CARRIAGE & DRAUGHT HARNESS.
Horse Clothing of every description and quality.
WHIPS, BLANKETS, NETS, BELLS,
and every article used in connection with horses.
We are constantly receiving additions to our Stock, and will continue to keep a complete assortment of best Goods, and as low as can be bought in the West. To strangers visiting Milwaukee, we would say, our intention is to do business in such a manner as will satisfy all who favor us with a call.
To our old customers we believe it is only necessary to say, we shall conduct our business on the same principle as heretofore, and therefore respectfully solicit their continuance. je13 190 dawly

COACH & SADDLERY HARDWARE
BARNES BROTHERS,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers,
No. 6 Albany Block,
WOULD INVITE THE ATTENTION of the trade to their large and superior stock of
Saddlery Hardware,
—AND—
CARRIAGE TRIMMINGS,
Saddles, Collars,
Patent and Enamelled Leather,
Enamelled Cloths, Lacquailles,
Whips, Horse Covers, Fly Nets, &c.,
Carriage Springs, Axles,
Malleable Iron, &c.
Hows, Felloes, Spokes, Shafts, Hubs, &c., of the best Eastern timber.
300 SADDLES.
Just received from one of the largest Eastern manufactories, the quality and workmanship unsurpassed to which we would invite special attention.
☞ Our Stock throughout will be found complete, and offered at the lowest prices.
BARNES BROTHERS,
nov23h165dly Michigan st., opposite Newhall House

Millinery Goods, &c.

SPRING MILLINERY,
AT THE OLD STAND,
23 Wisconsin Street.
ON AND AFTER WEDNESDAY, APRIL 13th,
MRS. L. BLAKE,
Will show a choice assortment of
RICH BONNETS, FLOWERS, HEAD DRESSES,
And General Millinery Goods.
ap13

CLEVELAND MEDICAL COLLEGE.
THE NEXT ANNUAL COURSE OF LECTURES will begin on Wednesday, the second day of November, A. D. 1859, and continue sixteen weeks.
The Ticket Fee, with that of Matriculation, is sixty-five dollars.
Inquiries may be addressed to any of the Professors.
JOHN DELAMATER, M. D., Professor of Midwifery, and Diseases of Women and Children.
JARED KIRTLAND, M. D., Professor of the Principles and Practice of Medicine.
J. LANG CASSELS, M. D., Professor of Chemistry
JACOB J. DELAMATER, M. D., Professor of Materia Medica, Therapeutics and Medical Jurisprudence.
PROUDFOOT THAYER, M. D., Professor of Anatomy and Physiology.
GUSTAVE C. E. WEBER, M. D., Professor of the Principles and Practice of Surgery.
H. K. CUSHING, M. D. Adjunct Professor of Midwifery and Diseases of Women and Children.
P. THAYER, M. D., Demonstrator of Anatomy.
aug28d7dlw

Dry Goods.

1859. New Spring and Summer 1859.
DRY GOODS!
J. L. DAVIS,
178 East Water St., Milwaukee,
IS NOW RECEIVING ONE OF THE
Largest and Best Selected Stocks of Goods
Ever brought to this market, to which will be added, from time to time, during the season,
THE LATEST NOVELTIES
Our arrangements are such that
We have no Competition!
As we have a buyer constantly in the market. We are determined to give our customers
THE LARGEST AMOUNT OF GOODS
FOR
The Smallest Amount of Money!
OUR DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT
Is very full and attractive, containing Black and Fancy Silks, Tissues, Delaines, Challies, Cashmeres, Lawns, Organdies, Robe 'de' Paris, Robe 'a' Quilt, Brilliants, &c.,
IN OUR
White Goods and Linen Department
Will be found Irish Linens, Linen Damasks, Napkins, Table Cloths, Crash, Doyles, Cambrics, Jaconetts, Counterpanes, Embroideries, Furnishing Goods, &c., &c.
IN THE
CLOTH DEPARTMENT,
Is a full stock of French and German Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Cottonades, Denims, Summer Stuffs, Jeans, &c.
IN OUR
SHAWL AND MANTILLA ROOM
We have a fine assortment of Brochia, Long and Square, Silk, Stella, Paris Fancy Border, Cashmere, Crape Shawls, Cloth Dusters, Lace and Silk Mantillas. We have also a full assortment of
Hosiery, Gloves, Yankee Notions, Trimmings,
BROWN AND BLEACHED SHEETINGS,
PRINTS, HOOP SKIRTS, &c., &c.
OUR JOBBING DEPARTMENT
Is unusually full of all kinds of
DRY GOODS AND YANKEE NOTIONS!
Which we are offering to Merchants
CHEAP FOR CASH!!
J. L. DAVIS,
178 East Water Street,
sep20h224dly Milwaukee.

GREAT BARGAINS!
MAY BE EXPECTED, AT
187 East Water Street,
AS THAT
Immense Stock of Dry Goods!!
MUST BE CLOSED OUT!
Without Respect to Cost!!
BY THE ASSIGNEE.
ap18h157dtf JOSEPH CARY, Assignee.

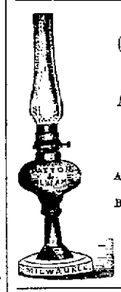
Hats, Caps and Furs.

Fall Style Hats for 1859.
UNCLE BEN
WILL ISSUE BEEBE & CO.'S, LEARY & CO.'S, and HIS OWN STYLES of
MOLESKIN HATS,
SATURDAY, AUGUST 13TH,
For the Fall and Winter Trade, the same day the Fashions are issued in New York.
CALL AND SEE THEM,
AT 189 EAST WATER STREET.
Aug13h60dlm B. THROOP.

HATS, CAPS, AND FURS,
Manufactured and Sold at
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
—BY—
J. A. Benedict,
162 EAST WATER STREET, MILWAUKEE.

NOTICE.
ONLY FOUR DOLLARS,
OWING TO THE LOW PRICE OF LABOR, caused by the scarcity of money, I shall hereafter be able to furnish the Citizens of Milwaukee with a very superior quality and style of SILK HATS, of my own manufacture, at the low price of FOUR DOLLARS.
I shall make as heretofore, a Five Dollar Hat, but of a much better quality.
Hats made to order at the shortest notice, and warranted to fit to a T, or no sale.
☞ Remember the place, 162 East Water St.
oct29h399dly J. A. BENEDICT

Alcohol, Oils, &c.



Oils! Oils!!
Camphene, Camphene!!
BURNING FLUID!
ALCOHOL, ALCOHOL!!
VARNISHES?
STARCH! STARCH!!
At Wholesale.
Also, a complete assortment of
COAL OIL LAMPS,
BOTH ROUND AND FLAT WICK.
At as Low Prices as can be obtained in Eastern Markets.
Patton & Williams,
Oil & Com. Merchants,
141 East Water st.
mar9h341dly

WISCONSIN OIL COMPANY
OFFER FOR SALE, AT WHOLESALE and Retail,
2,000 GALS. WINTER SPERM OIL.
3,000 " " ELEPHANT OIL.
4,000 " " BLEACHED WHALE OIL.
Burning Fluid, Camphene and Alcohol.
Improved Engine and Signal Oil for Railroads and Steamers.
☞ Orders from the Country will meet with prompt attention.
☞ Address WISCONSIN OIL CO., 22 Spring St., Opposite the American House. Milwaukee, Wis.
jan14h610dly

GROVER & BAKER'S
CELEBRATED NOISELESS
FAMILY SEWING MACHINES!!
NEW STYLES—PRICES FROM $50 TO $125.
HEMMERS, $5 EXTRA.
THESE MACHINES SEW FROM TWO Spools, as purchased from the store, requiring no rewinding of thread; they Hem, Fell, Gather, and Stitch in a superior style, finishing each seam by their own operation, without recourse to the hand-stitch, as is required by other machines. They will do better and cheaper sewing than a seamstress can, even if she works for *one cent an hour.*
Office of Exhibition and Sale, 495 Broadway, N. Y.
☞ J. A. FISCHEL, Agent, Main st., Milwaukee.
jy18 65 2dly-2dp

SCHUMACHER & JOHNSON

MANUFACTURERS of the Great Western Fire, Powder, and Burglar Proof Safes, Vault Doors, etc. A large assortment are provided with our own, patent infallible Safe Lock. We would also call especial attention to our own Double Acting Combination Lock, which is now used by most of the Banks in the City and the State.
Bell Hanging, and Repairing of Safes and Locks, also promptly attended to by
SCHUMACHER & JOHNSON.
jy7g867dly No. 245 East Water Street, Milwaukee.

FRENCH PRUNES.—A PRIME LOT FOR sale by EDWARD TRUSLOW, 119 East Water St

Drugs and Medicines.

H. BOSWORTH & SONS,
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS
OFFER FOR SALE
5 Baskets Amatto, Prime.
10 bbls Bath Bricks.
5 bbls Ground Borax.
5 bbls Pow'd Cream Tartar.
20 bbls Rice, assorted
2 cases Gum Arabic, select.
5 bbls Refined Camphor.
2 cases Gum Shellac, "Campbell's"
3 cases Calabria Liquorice.
10 bbls Irish Moss, Bleached.
5 bbls Liquorice Root.
5 bales Sarsaparilla Hond.
100 bales Powdered R. I. Rhubarb.
10 bbls Flor Sulphur.
20 jars Cape Ammonia.
20 Cbls Epsom Salts.
50 bbls Kicarb Soda.
10 casks Sal Soda.
10 bbls Alum.
15 bbls Copperas.
10 cases Pow'd Tartaric Acid.
5 bbls Blue Vitrol.
5 bbls Madder Umbro.
25 bales Terra Japonica. ch15

WE OFFER TO SOAP MAKERS
SODA ASH and SAL SODA,
PALM OIL, and ROSIN,
In full packages, at the lowest market rates.
je22 H. BOSWORTH & SONS, Wholesale Druggists.

150 LBS. MERCURY JUST RECEIVED by H. BOSWORTH & SONS

200 BOXES 8X10 GLASS, JUST RECEIVED by railat BOSWORTH & SONS.
mar7

JOHN RICH,
WHOLESALE DRUGGIST,
No. 83 East Water Street, Milwaukee.
I HAVE JUST RECEIVED FROM PITKIN & BROTHERS, of Louisville, a supply of mixed BIRDSEED, (Canary,) Hemp, Millet and Rape, put up in small packages, suitable for retailing, 50 packages in a box, which I can sell at a low figure. Also a full supply of
JAPONICA,
GUM COPAL,
EPSOM SALTS,
GLAUBER SALT,
SULPHUR,
ALUM,
CREAM TARTAR,
BAKING SODA,
LICORICE,
BATH BRICK,
CASTOR OIL,
OLIVE OIL,
OPIUM,
QUININE,
MORPHINE,
ALCOHOL,
BURNING FLUID,
CAMPHENE,
TURPENTINE,
MACHINE OIL,
LINSEED OIL,
WHITE LEAD,
And a full assortment of Drugs, Patent Medicines, Glass Ware, Spices, &c., &c. aug5

DRUGS AND MEDICINES.
HENRY FESS, JR.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGIST,
195 East Water Street, Milwaukee.
20 BARRELS WINTER BLEACHED Whale Oil, for sale by HENRY FESS, Jr., Druggist.
BOERHAVE'S HOLLAND BITTERS. 5 gross received and for sale by HENRY FESS, Jr., jan19 Wholesale Agent for Milwaukee.
REED'S BAKING POWDERS, FOR sale

Special Notices.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

J. A. MAY, PROFESSOR OF DANCING and Calisthenics, respectfully acquaints his numerous friends and patrons that he will resume his classes for the season in Good Templar's Hall, Bowman's Block, near the Post Office, on Saturday, the 1st of October. He deems it necessary to intimate thus early, in consequence of a report being circulated to the effect that he was about to leave the city. aug24d679tfw

Burnett's Cocoaine.
Burnett's Cocoaine.
Burnett's Cocoaine.

A COMPOUND OF COCOA-NUT OIL, &c., for dressing the Hair. For efficacy and agreeableness it is without an equal,

It prevents the Hair from falling off.
It promotes its healthy and vigorous growth.
It is not greasy or sticky.
It leaves no disagreeable odor.
It softens the hair when hard and dry.
It soothes the irritated scalp skin.
It affords the richest lustre.
It remains longest in effect.
It costs fifty cents for a half pint bottle,

Burnett's Cocoaine.
Burnett's Cocoaine.
Burnett's Cocoaine.

TESTIMONIAL.

BOSTON, July 19, 1857.

MESSRS. J. BURNETT & CO.—I cannot refuse to state the salutary effect in my own aggravated case, of your excellent Hair Oil—(Cocoaine.)

For many months my hair has been falling off, until I was fearful of losing it entirely. The skin upon my head became gradually more and more inflamed, so that I could not touch it without pain. This irritated condition I attributed to the use of various advertised hair washes, which I have since been told contain cantharene spirit.

By the advice of my physician, to whom you had shown your process of purifying the Oil, I commenced its use the last week in June. The first application allayed the itching and irritation; in three or four days the redness and tenderness disappeared—the hair ceased to fall, and I have now a thick growth of new hair I trust that others, similarly afflicted, will be induced to try the same remedy.

Yours, very truly,
SUSAN R. POPE.

Burnett's Cocoaine.
Burnett's Cocoaine.
Burnett's Cocoaine.

A single application renders the hair, (no matter how stiff and dry,) soft and glossy for several days. It is conceded by all who have used it to be *the best and cheapest Hair Dressing in the World.*

Prepared by JOSEPH BURNETT & CO., Boston.

For sale by dealers generally, at 50 cents a bottle. aug21d94dlm

A CARD TO THE "LADIES."

Dr. Duponco's Golden Periodical Pills

FOR FEMALES.

THE COMBINATION OF INGREDIENTS in Dr. Duponco's Golden Pills are perfectly harmless. They have been used in the private practice of old Dr. Dupenco for over thirty years, and thousands of ladies can testify to their great and never-failing success in almost every case, in correcting irregularities, relieving painful and distressing menstruation, particularly at the change of life. From five to ten pills will cure that common yet dreadful complaint, the Whites. Nearly every lady in the land suffers from that complaint. The above pill has permanently cured thousands, and will cure you if you use them. They cannot harm you, on the contrary, they remove all obstructions, restore nature to its proper channel, and invigorate the whole system. Ladies whose health will not permit an increase of family, will find these pills a successful preventative. Pregnant Females, or those supposing themselves so, are cautioned against using these pills while pregnant, as the proprietor assumes no responsibility after the above admonition although their mildness would prevent any mischief to the health—otherwise, these pills are recommended. Full and explicit directions accompany each box. Price $1,00 per box. H. BOSWORTH & SONS,
Wholesale Agents for Milwaukee.

They will supply the trade at proprietor's prices, and furnish circulars, and show cards. Sold also by H. Fers, Jr., 195 East Water St., J. M. Alcott 338, 3d St. Tesch, 3 Spring St., and C. H. Gardiner & Co., 19 Spring St. "Ladies" by enclosing $1.00 to H. Bosworth & Sons, or either of the above Agents, can have the above Golden Pills sent to any part of the country (confidentially) by mail.

N. B.—Be particular in asking for Dr. Duponco's Golden Pills, and remember, they are not a secret nostrum, every agent is given the receipt composing the Pills, and they will tell you they are the best and safest Pill for Females, ever introduced since the science of Medicine dawned upon the world.

Sep21h227d&wly.

MOTHERS! MOTHERS!

DON'T FAIL TO PROCURE MRS. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething. It has no equal on earth. It greatly facilitates the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflamation—will allay all pain, and is sure to regulate the bowels. Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and relief and health to your infants. Perfectly safe in all cases.

This valuable preparation is the prescription of one of the most experienced and skillful Female Physicians in New England, and has been used with never failing success in millions of cases.

We believe it is the best and surest remedy in the world, in all cases of Dysentery and Diarrhœa in children, whether it arise from teething or from any other cause.

Mrs and health is as nothing when compared with the health and life of your child, and you will be culpable if you permit prejudice or any other cause.

Life and health can be estimated by dollars and cents, it is worth its weight in gold.

Millions of bottles are sold every year in the United States. It is an old and well tried remedy.

PICE ONLY 25 CENTS A BOTTLE.

☞None genuine unless the fac simile of CURTIS & Perkins, New York, is on the outside wrapper.

Sold by Druggists throughout the world. Office No. 13 Cedar street New York.

Sold in Milwaukee by John Rice.
Je18d419dw&twly.

R. R. R.

"TIGHTNESS OF THE CHEST," COMMONLY so-called, is instantly relieved by bathing the chest with R. R. Relief.

BAD COLD—As soon as you find you have a Cough or Sore Throat, or experience any difficulty in breathing, check the symptoms immediately. If allowed to run on, they will entail more serious difficulties upon you. A dose of Radway's Renovating Resolvent, followed with three or four Regulators, will immediately check and cure a recent cold; and the continued use of the R. R. R. Remedies will speedily cure the most obstinate Coughs. In many cases of confirmed Consumption it has proved highly efficacious. It acts powerful y upon the lungs, and is a most excellent expectorant. In five minutes it will loosen the phlegm, and give relief to the distressed. In many cases of Asthma, where the patients were almost suffocated, it has in five minutes given entire relief. In all obstinate cases, each of the R. R. Remedies is to be used.

R R R is sold by C. Harrington, Bosworth & Sons L. F. Lake, and J. H. Tesch, Milwaukee, and by druggists everywhere. sep2dawsw

Clothing.

NEW

SPRING GOODS

—AT—

SWAFFIELD'S

Clothing Emporium!

196 EAST WATER STREET.

may6i249dly

JAMES A. SWAIN,

OF THE LATE FIRM OF MAGIE & SWAIN, will remain at the old stand,

No. 93 East Water Street,

Where he will be happy to welcome the patrons of the former house. ap13i125d1y

Livery & Boarding Stables.

J. H. BUTLER. D. T. POST.

LIVERY & BOARDING STABLE.

Foot of Mason St. near the old Post Office.

THE SUBSCRIBERS HAVE REMOVED their stock from the stable formerly occupied by them, corner of Main and Huron streets, to the old establishment, foot of Mason street, thus consolidating the two in one, making the largest and best appointed Livery establishment in the entire West. We shall be glad to see our friends and customers, and feel confident that we can furnish them with as good and stylish a turnout as any similar establishment in the city. Particular attention given to furnishing Carriages and Hearses for funerals. Thankful for past patronage, we hope to meet a continuance of the same. BUTLER & POST.

mar2d146dtw

DATES—ARABIAN IN FRAILS, FOR sale by EDWARD TRUSLOW,
nov17 119 East Water st

CITRON—LEGHORN EXTRA, FOR sale by EDWARD TRUSLOW,
jan17 119 East Water st

THE SENTINEL.

Terms of the Sentinel.

CASH, INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

DAILY, delivered in City, per annum	$7,00
do do do six months	4,00
do do do three months	2,00
do do do per week	15
Papers to the Trade, per hundred	2,00

Payable to L. SCOVILLE, City Circulator.

DAILY, by mail, per annum	7,00
do do six months	4,00
do do three months	2,00
TRI-WEEKLY, per annum	4,00
do do six months	2,00
do do three months	1,00
WEEKLY, per annum	1,50
do do six months	1,00
do do three months	50

CLUB RATES FOR THE WEEKLY.

To clubs of four (to one address) per annum	5,00
do do five do do	6,00
do do ten do do	10,00

Address SENTINEL JERMAIN & BRIGHTMAN,
Publishers Daily Sentinel Milwaukee, Wis.

THE BOUGH-APPLE.

The bough-apple! the bough-apple!
With what a mellow sound,
Dropping from out its leafy nest,
It plumps upon the ground!
The thick, green turf is spread in vain!
The golden apple breaks in twain!
I haste to pick the treasure up,
To bind with ribbon blue,
And scribbling thus a hasty line,
Despatch my prize to you.
Its blush, dear coz, is warm as thine;
Its cheek as fresh and fair;
Its *broken heart* a type of mine!
Oh, bid me not despair!

Inventions and Discoveries.

An article upon the invention of a "static power," "water gas," "caloric ship," or "flying machine," appearing in some leading journal, is caught up by the country press and excites the whole community. It is well for children to play with soap bubbles, but the excitement of a community of intelligent men, produced by some unphilosophical scheme of designing financiers, or over-sanguine inventors, is universally followed by disappointment and disgust. Nineteen-twentieths of the reputed discoveries in practical science are no more nor less than practical humbugs.

Archimedes, through his scientific investigations, discovered that, with the aid of certain conditions and devices, he could overturn the world; but he was too much of a philosopher to believe, and to honest to pretend, that he actually had the lever and fulcrum with which to accomplish it.

Watt, though a sanguine inventor, had common sense enough to see the limit of his genius, and, after applying his condenser and cut-off to the engine of Newcomer, whereby a certain per centage of power was gained, instead of astonishing the world with promises of what he would do, declared his work completed, and the steam-engine perfected.

Watt is now universally acknowledged to have made the greatest of all improvements in the practical application of steam as a motor, and yet the superiority of his engines was not sufficient to effect a rapid introduction. No invention or discovery has ever yet burst upon the world like a thunder-clap.—Then why expect it? Those who suppose the progressive arts can outstrip nature's requirements must suffer disappointment.—Evans created no surprise or excitement when he propelled a mud-scow at a moderate rate down the Schuylkill and up the Delaware, for saw-mills had been propelled before, and why not mud-scows now? But as he did not pretend that the perfection of her machinery was such that she could cross the Atlantic in nine days, the public took a considerate view of this new application of steam. In time, and after careful research and experiment, Fulton took another step, and finally the work was gradually accomplished, and the Atlantic became a daily ferry for steamers. When we consider how few of the fifty or sixty patents granted per week are ever after heard of after appearing in the published report, and how few of those illustrated, described in detail, and announced by the publishers of our scientific papers as "valuable improvements," ever repay either inventor or public, it is not strange that the incredulous consider inventive genius as a misfortune, and the origin of humbugs. Were all inventions that carry positive or prima facie evidence of inefficiency discarded by the press, those which a truly useful, though they may be few, would be welcomed, if from no other motive than pecuniary interest.

THE SNAKE AND CROCODILE.—The following thrilling account of an engagement between a boa constrictor and a crocodile in Java, is given by an eye witness.

It was one morning that I stood beside a small lake, fed by one of the rills of the mountain. The water was clear as crystal and everything could be seen to the very bottom. Stretching its limbs close over this pond, was a gigantic teak tree, and in its thick, shining evergreen leaves, lay a huge boa in an easy coil, taking his morning nap.—Above him was a powerful ape of the baboon species, a leering race of scamps, alway s bent on mischief.

Now the ape, from his position, saw a crocodile in the wat r rising to the top, exactly beneath the coil of the serpent. Quick as thought he jumped upon the snake which fell with a splash into the jaws of the crocodile. The ape saved himself by clinging to the limb of a tree, but a battle commenced in the water. The serpent, grasped in the middle by the crocodile, made the water boil by his furious contortions. Winding his folds round the body of his antagonist, he disabled his two hinder legs, and by his contractions made scales and bones of the monster crack.

The water was speedily tinged with the blood of both combatants, yet neither was disposed to yield. They rolled over and over, neither being able to obtain a decided advantage. All this time the cause of mischief was in a state of high ecstacy. He leaped up and down the branches of the tree, uttered a yell, and again frisked about. At the end of ten minutes silence began to come over the scene; the folds of the serpent began to be relaxed, and though they were trembling along the back, the head hung lifeless in the water.

The crocodile was also still and though only the spine of the back was visible, it was evident that he too was dead. The monkey now perched himself on two lower limbs of the tree, close to the dead bodies, and amused himself for ten minutes in making all sorts of faces at them. This seemed to be adding insult to injury. One of my companions was standing at a short distance, and taking a stone from the edge of the lake, hurled it at the ape. He was totally unprepared, and as it struck him on the side of the head, he was instantly tipped over and fell upon the crocodile. A few bounds, however, brought him to the the shore, and taking to the tree, he speedily disappeared among the branches.

CERTAIN CURES FOR BOTTS IN HORSES.—"Livery Keeper" writes thus to the Kentucky *Farmer:*

"When y ou find your horse complaining, and looking around at his side, and lies down pretty often, and is not swollen, you may very readily come to the conclusion that he has the botts. Lose no time in giving him a quart of sweet milk and molasses, and just as soon as you let his head down, after he swallows the drench, slap bim several times on the side of which he complains most, with a paddle about two feet long, six inches wide and one inch thick, striking him pretty hard; this process jars the botts loose from him, and they take hold of, and feed on the milk and molasses. In ten or fifteen minutes after striking him with the paddle, give him a quart or half gallon drench of strong sage tea; this accomplishes the object by killing the botts, and the horse is relieved.

Banking and Exchange.

HARVEY TERRY,

BANKER & DEALER IN EASTERN EXCHANGE

PURCHASES AND NEGOTIATES Good Business Paper; will negotiate the sale of Stocks, Bonds and Mortgages Eest.

☞ Also Agent for the sale of Philadelphia Fire Proof and Burglar Proof Champion Safes, suitable for Bankers and others, being one of the best kinds of Fire and Burglar Proof Safes combined made in America; at prices from $50 to $700 each, according to size.

☞ OFFICE, NO. 158 EAST WATER STREET, under the State Bank of Wisconsin. jy21d545dly

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CORNER OF HURON AND EAST WATER STREETS,

JOHN S. HARRIS, President.

J. H. SKIDMORE, Cashier. mar18h957dly

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DRAFTS AT SIGHT, IN SUMS OF one pound and upward, payable in all the principal towns of Germany, France, England, Ireland and Scotland.

COLLECTIONS made at all available parts of the country.

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SHORT FIRST CLASS BUSINESS PAPER discounted at fair rates, and constantly wanted.

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D. CUMMINS, President Girard Bank, Philadelphia

jy22d1y

CALDWELL & CO.,

BANKERS,

SAINT PAUL, - - - - MINNESOTA.

WILL ATTEND TO PAYMENT OF Taxes, Loaning of Money, &c., on commission. Collections remitted on day of payment less current rate of Exchange on New York. Refer to State Bank of Wisconsin, Milwaukee; Phenix Insurance Co., Ludington & Co., Sexton Brothers & Co., and the business men of Milwaukee generally. sept18h191dly

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CARPENTER & GRIDLEY.

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ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS.

OFFICE IN "LAW BUILDINGS," NO. 21 Wisconsin street, Milwaukee, Wis.

JOHN W. CARY. [jy22515d3m] WALLACE PRATT.

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☞ Charges reasonable. je2370d3m

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ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR, OFFICE No. 3 Phœnix Building, Milwaukee, Wis. my26i246dly

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LITHOGRAPHERS, NO. 217 AND 219 East Water Street, Milwaukee. Orders for Bonds, Certificates of Stock and Deposit, Drafts, Notes, Checks, County, Rail Road and Topographic Maps, &c., &c., will be executed on short notice and in a superior manner. aug8d19y52

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PHYSICIANS.

N. P. HOLLENBACK,

ECLECTIC AND ELECTICAN PHYSICIAN and Surgeon, has taken rooms in the Prescott House, on Market street, where he will attend to all calls in his profession. He uses all kinds of medicines in connection with his electricity, which will remove all chronic and acute diseases, such as nervous, rheumatic or diseases of the lungs, or any other disease. He will not charge for advice, please call and consult him. je2365d1dm

J. S. DOUGLAS, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIST, HOUSE AND OFFICE No. 92 Wisconsin street, N. W. Corner of Van Buren street. nov12h324dly&wlm

PACKERS, &C.

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MANUFACTURERS OF SOAP AND CANDLES, West Water Street, near the M. & M. R. R. depot, Milwaukee.

HOTELS.

AMERICAN HOUSE,

P. KANE & SON, PROPRIETORS, Spring Street, Milwaukee, Wis. jy13c76dly.

HARRINGTON HOUSE,

FORMERLY UNITED STATES HOTEL, Corner of State and Third streets, La Crosse, Wisconsin. A. Gilbert House, Prop. Fare $1,50 per day.

This House was recently purchased by the present proprietors, REFITTED AND FURNISHED throughout, and is the largest and most convenient to the Rail road Depot.

☞ A Splendid Omnibus belonging to the House, will carry Guests to and from the Cars and Boats, free of charge. R. HARRINGTON & SONS.

La Crosse, August 16th, 1859. aug1336d20no

CARRIAGES.

JOHN OGDEN

MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN CARRIAGES OF ALL KINDS, Repository on Spring (between 2d and 3d) St., has on hand a large Stock of Carriages, Eastern and home manufacture. Also, Spokes, Hubbs, Bent Poles, Shafts, Felloes, Bows, &c., which he will sell on reasonable Terms. Persons wanting to obtain any of the above articles will please call and examine for themselves before purchasing otherways. The subscriber is prepared to do all kinds of Repairing at the shortest notice. aug21 JOHN OGDEN.

PAINTERS.

SAMUEL M. BROOKS

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BOOK-KEEPING.

BOOK-KEEPING.

C. F. LARIGO'S COUNTING ROOMS, for the practice of DOUBLE ENTRY BOOK-KEEPING, No. 40 Wisconsin street. Strangers and Business Men are informed that a few days' practice in these rooms is worth months of study elsewhere. Call for Circulars. je7i3-2d1y

Steamers.

For Chicago and Intermediate Ports

THE FAVORITE STEAMER Traveller, Capt. B. Sweeney, will leave our Dock for above ports every evening (except Saturday,) at 9 o'clock, making close connections with all morning trains from Chicago. Freight taken at low rates. JOHNSON & OLMSTED,
apr22i194dlf Agents.

FOR SAINT PAUL.

—THE—

SPLENDID STEAMER MILWAUKEE,

CAPTAIN S. HEWITT,

WILL LEAVE PRAIRIE DU CHIEN FOR ST. PAUL

And Intermediate Ports, as follows:

Tuesday	August 16	Saturday	Sept. 10
Sunday	" 21	Thursday	" 15
Friday	" 26	Tuesday	" 20
Wednesday	" 31	Sunday	" 25
Monday	Sept. 5	Friday	" 30

The MILWAUKEE is a commodious and elegantly furnished Boat, offering all the conveniences that can be presented to the traveling public. aug.6i642d2m

Chicago, Milwaukee & Lake Superior

1859. LINE. 1859.

STEAMER LADY ELGIN,
J. WILSON, Com'r, John J. Taylor, Clerk, Fred. Rice, Steward,

LEAVES CHICAGO, at 5 o'clock P. M.,

Monday	May 30	Friday	Aug. 12
Wednesday	June 8	Wednesday	" 24
Monday	" 20	Monday	Sept. 5
Friday	July 1	Friday	" 16
Sunday	" 10	Monday	" 26
Friday	" 22	Friday	Octr. 7
Monday	Aug. 1	Wednesday	" 19
Monday		Oct. 31.	

LEAVES MILWAUKEE, at 6 o'clock A. M.,

Tuesday	May 31	Saturday	Aug. 13
Thursday	June 9	Thursday	" 25
Tuesday	" 21	Tuesday	Sept. 6
Saturday	July 2	Saturday	" 17
Tuesday	" 12	Tuesday	" 27
Saturday	" 23	Saturday	Octr. 8
Tuesday	Aug. 2	Thursday	" 20
Tuesday		Nov. 1.	

LEAVES MACKINAC, at 11 o'clock A. M.,

Wednesday	June 1	Sunday	Aug. 14
Friday	" 10	Friday	" 26
Wednesday	" 22	Wednesday	Sept. 7
Sunday	July 3	Sunday	" 18
Wednesday	" 13	Wednesday	" 28
Sunday	" 24	Sunday	Octr. 9
Wednesday	Aug. 3	Friday	" 21
Wednesday		Nov. 2	

DOLSMAN & CO., Agents,
Warehouse and Docks, foot of Erie st., near the new harbor. my26i32d1nov1

STEAM TO GLASGOW.

LIVERPOOL, BELFAST, DUBLIN AND LONDONDERRY,

WITHOUT DELAY FOR THIRTY DOLLARS.

RETURN TICKETS GOOD for six months, to either of above places for $60.

FROM NEW YORK.

GLASGOW, Thomson, Saturday, 19th March, 12 M.
EDINBURGH, Cumming, Wednesday, 13th April, 12 M.
GLASGOW, Thomson, Saturday, 14th May, 12 M.

FROM GLASGOW.

EDINBURGH, Cumming, Saturday, 19th March.
GLASGOW, Thomson, Wednesday, 20th April.
EDINBURG, Cumming, Saturday, 7th May.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

FROM GLASGOW.		FROM NEW YORK.	
First Class,	15 guines.	First Class,	75
Steerage found with cooked provisions,	8 guines.	Steerage food with cooked provisions,	30

Children under 12 years of age, half fare; Infants in Steerage, free.

Return ticket, available within six months, by any steamers of the line—

First Class,	$140
Third Class,	60

An experienced surgeon attached to each steamship.

For passage, apply to ROBERT CRAIG,
16 Broadway, New York.
Or to L. HIGBY,
West Water St. Milwaukee
dec23i798d6m

Watches and Jewelry.

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BEST RAILROAD TIME-KEEPERS

OF THE BEST ENGLISH, SWISS AND American manufacture, in Gold and Silver cases.

Great variety of all kinds of Silver and Plated Ware, and new rich Jewelry of every style and description.

Watch Materials, &c.

Corner of East Water and Wisconsin street, Milwaukee, Wisconsin. jy20.

Great Excitement!!

THE BEST ASSORTMENT OF THE finest GOLD WATCHES, SILVER WARE, JEWELRY, and Fancy Goods, &c., ever brought to Milwaukee, JUST RECEIVED AND VERY CHEAP FOR CASH. MATSON & LOOMIS.
dec18 201 East Water street, Milwaukee, Wis.

BIRD CAGES
AND
WILLOW WARE.

BLAIR & PERSONS, AT THEIR NEW Store, No. 156 East Water Street, are just opening the best assortment of Bird Cages and Willow Ware ever brought to this market, which they offer to the trade, or at retail, at the lowest prices. May 11th, 1859.

FILTERS! FILTERS! FILTERS!!

KEDZIES RAIN WATER FILTERS just received and for sale at Blair & Persons new stand No. 156 East Water street. my8

Books and Stationery.

STRICKLAND & CO.,

Have just received the following

NEW BOOKS.

THE ROMAN QUESTION.
By Edmond Abbott; 75c.

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By Theodore Parker; 75c.

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By the author of "Belle Brittan;" $1.

HINTS TO HORSEKEEPERS:
With a Chapter on Mules and Ponies. By H. W. Herbert; $1,25.

Recollections of the American Revolution.
A Private Journal; Prepared from authentic Records By Sidney Barclay; $1.

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A Manual for Ladies. By Miss Leslie; $1.

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THE FRENCH REVOLUTION.
By Abbott; $2,50.

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Third volume: $1,50.

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Part 37, 38 and 39.

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A Web of Many Textures: Wrought by Ruth Partington: $1,25.

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By Adelaide Ann Proctor; 75c.

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$5,00.

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Its Nature, Prevention and Homeopathic Treatment, By Wm. Hitchman, M. D. &c. aug1s

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NEW PICTORIAL EDITION.

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BEAUTIFULLY EXECUTED.

9,000 to 10,000 New Words in the Vocabulary.

TABLE OF SYNONYMS, BY PROF. GOODRICH.

In which more than two thousand words are carefully discriminated, forming a fuller work on English Synonyms, of itself, than any other issued, beside Crabb, and believed in advance of that. A table giving the pronunciation of names of 8,000 distinguished Persons of Modern Times, the Geographical Names and terms in the Bible, with other new features, together with all the matter of previous editions.

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PRICE $6,50.

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For sale by TERRY & CLEAVER,
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CHASE & BRADLEY,

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Highest Price in Cash paid for Rags, Old Papers, Rope, and all kinds of Paper Manufacturer's Stock.

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Also Ledger Papers, Flat Cap, Folio Post, Letter and Note Papers, which will be sold very low. Constant additions will be made to the stock, to meet the wants of the trade.

☞ All kinds of paper made to order on very short notice. Printers and others are invited to call and examine our stock and prices.

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apr26

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WE HAVE A SMALL CONSIGNMENT of Seine and other varieties of *Fishermen's Twine,* which we will sell at cost to close out the lot.

Also, Chalk Lines and other varieties of small cord for sale cheap. mar19 NOONAN & McNAB.

H. NIEDECKEN & CO.,

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Wood, Lumber, &c.

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!

JONES & POPE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS in the various kinds of very best Coal, for Steam, Blacksmith, and Family purposes. Also,

Wood, Baled Hay and Water Lime,

Constantly on hand. Wood sawn or unsawn, to suit customers,

AT LOW PRICES,

Delivered to any part of the city, or on the cars, at short notice. All Coal sold here warranted good weight, and of the best quality.

All lumen and other dealers wishing to buy Bituminous Coal by the cargo, for steam and blacksmith purposes, please give us a call. We will sell at Cleveland prices, delivered on board vessel, the best and cheapest Steam and Blacksmith Coal now in the market; being proprietors of an extensive Coal mine, and receiving fresh Coals daily at Cleveland, are prepared to sell as low as anybody.

☞ Office of Empire Wood and Coal Yard, corner of Oneida and River Streets, Milwaukee, Wis. aug2i684dly

MENZIES & CO.,

—DEALERS IN—

LUMBER, LATH, SHINGLES, &c.,

CORNER LAKE AND HANOVER STS.

WALKER'S POINT, NEAR MENOMONEE, have always on hand a good assortment of DRY GREEN BAY LUMBER. Country orders punctually attended to. Lumber delivered on board the cars FREE.

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C. DUDLEY, AGENT,

IS NOW RECEIVING AND WILL KEEP constantly on hand for sale by the TON OR CARGO, the following kinds of Coal, of the very best quality and

LOW PRICES!

Delivered in any part of the city on the cars, at short notice. All Coal sold at this Yard warranted full weight and best quality.

LEHIGH PREPARED COAL,
LEHIGH LUMP COAL,
SCRANTON PREPARED COAL,
SCRANTON LUMP COAL,
LACKAWANA PREPARED COAL,
LACKAWANA LUMP COAL,
PITTSTON PREPARED COAL,
PITTSTON LUMP COAL,
BLOSSBURGH COAL,
PITTSBURGH COAL,
ERIE AND CLEVELAND COAL.

Will deliver to dealers and large consumers, at any point on the lakes or in the country, at eastern prices, adding freight.

☞ All orders addressed to C. DUDLEY, Agent, Milwaukee, will receive prompt attention.

☞ Office and Yard, corner of West Water and Clybourn streets, near Huron Street Bridge, Milwaukee. jy16i526d1y

Wood and Hay for the Million!!

JUST OPENED, ON THE CORNER OF West Water and Clybourn ste., (office in Mabbett & Breed's lumber office,) a

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

WOOD AND HAY MARKET.

No better Wood can be found, in any style, (cut or uncut,) "dry as a bone," "sound as a nut," "hard as a rock," "long as a rail!" Will sell wood to pedlars at a price lower than they ever expected to buy.

Never Hay so good. (WELL BALED,) "bright as a dollar," "sweet as a rose." Will sell to shippers and all others to suit their GREAT ADVANTAGES.

☞ Both Wood and Hay delivered at any part of the city at a moment's warning. Give us a trial as all we ask. my16i826d1y G. H. LAMBERTON.

A. STRONACH,

MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN

Lumber, Timber, Shingles and Cedar Posts

CORNER ERIE AND EAST WATER streets, near Walker's Point Bridge. Lumber and Timber for sale by the car load or cargo. Always on hand a large stock of joists, &c. Bill's cut to order. Mills, Manistee, Mich. WM. T. THORP, Agent.
je9i339d6mo.

MILWAUKEE TIMBER YARD.

ONE MILLION FEET.

S. BATCHELDER,

MANUFACTURER OF NORWAY AND White Pine Timber, has established a yard on River St. east of Martin, for the sale of Timber, Norway Pine Piles, and Spars. Bills of timber furnished to order. Jy7i418d1y.

FRENCH CHINA.

BLAIR & PERSONS, AT NO. 156 EAST Water Street, have for sale a new stock of China, consisting of Band, dinner and Tea Setts, Fancy Tea Setts, White Dinner and Tea Setts, Fancy Coffee and Tea Cups, Fruit Baskets, Rich Vases, Card Receivers, Toy Tea Setts, &c., &c., which they offer at reduced prices. ap13

Forwarding & Commission.

KELLOGG & STRONG,

Storage, Forwarding and Commission MERCHANTS.

PROPRIETORS OF THE FIRE-PROOF Brick Warehouse and Elevator, South Water street, at the terminus of the Lake Shore Rail Road, which connects with the Racine & Mississippi R. R. Terminating at Freeport, Ill.

Having completed all their arrangements for receiving grain in bulk, shipped on the above roads or their connections, are prepared to store all kinds of grain on the most reasonable terms, making liberal cash advances when required.

Orders for purchase of all kinds of produce, either by the cargo or otherwise, respectfully solicited. aug18i657dlf

ANGUS, SMITH & CO.,

STORAGE, FORWARDING

And Commission Merchants,

PROPRIETOR OF THE LARGE ELEVATOR Warehouse at the terminus of the Milwaukee & Mississippi, and the Milwaukee, Watertown & Baraboo Valley Railroads. Liberal advance mad on property in store, or for shipment to eastern markets. oct23d348dly

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CUSHMAN, SPENCE & CO.,

Produce & Commission Merchants,

FOR THE SALE OF

Flour, Grain, Provisions, Wool, Ashes, Grass Seed, &c.

Nos. 8 & 14 Commercial, cor. Chatham St., BOSTON. dec2h478dly.

ROBERT READ,
(LATE OF M. H. READ & SON, ALBANY,)

PRODUCE AND COMMISSION MERCHANT,

MENOMONEE WAREHOUSE,

Opposite the Mil. & Miss. R. R. Depot, Milwaukee.

ORDERS FOR PURCHASES ARE SOlicited, and advances made on consignments.

Refer to

M. H. Read & Son, Albany.
Thos. Schuyler, Albany.
J. G. White, Pres't Bank of Capitol, Albany.
J. R. Bently & Co., Bu

THE SENTINEL.

COMMERCIAL.

MONDAY, September 5, 1859.

Money Matters.

There is an increased supply of exchange; but though a reduction in the price before this time, was confidently looked for, the banks still maintain the selling rate at 1¼ ℗ cent. Money is not over and above plenty, but the offerings of straight business paper are taken without hesitation by the regular houses. Bank discount's 10 ℗ cent. Outside rates 1@2 ℗ cent a month for small loans. Gold 1¼ ℗ cent.

The Chicago *Press & Tribune* of Saturday, says:

The banks have to-day reduced their rates for exchange to 1¼ ℗ cent prem., and some to 1½ ℗ t. Outside the general rate is 1 ℗ cent; but as all parties look for a still further decline the demand at even that figure is only to meet immediate necessities. There is a good demand for currency, the supply of which continues ample. No change in discounts.

EARNINGS OF THE MILWAUKEE & MISSISSIPPI RAILROAD for the month of August just past, as compared with last year, are as follows:

	1859.	1858.
Freight	$72,311 42	$67,641 57
Passengers	18,366 24	20,015 75
Mails	1,589 42	1,477 61
	$92,269 08	$89,134 93

Breadstuffs, &c.

The following table shows the movements of breadstuff at this point for the week ending Saturday, and thus far this year, as compared with the corresponding periods in 1858:

Receipts.

	Flour, bbls.	Wheat, bus.	Oats, bus.	Corn, bus.	Barley, bus.	Rye, bus.
By M&MisRR	455	36,500	....	1,973	991	500
By M&MinlR	2,900	56,951	470	50	127	22
By M&WRR.	588	20,311	406	....	....	....
By M&HRR..	194	12,764	800	....	1,900	....
By M&C RR	27	2,750	....	....	....	....
Total	3,964	137,342	1,816	1,463	1,553	522
In 1858	8,462	126,951	22,340	9,885	3,870	287
Since Jan. 1	74,355	1215,616	226,005	122,497	8,584	3,920
In 1858	113,639	2,363,665	585,549	61,915	57,399	1,967

Shipments.

	Flour, bbls.	Wheat, bus.	Oats, bus.	Corn, bus.	Barley, bus.	Rye, bus.
To Buffalo	....	109,185	....	....	....	....
To St. Catherines	....	11,000	....	....	....	....
To Oodensburgh	....	....	2,000	....	....	....
To Collingwood	26	....	....	....	....	....
To Other Ports	37	355	....	50	....	....
Total	63	84,420	....	12,600	....	....
In 1858	2,046	116,250	....	12,600	....	....
Since Jan. 1st	115,675	1,626,951	251,744	15,703	....	....
In 1858	105,142	2,027,626	362,465	12,600	5,315	575

The following statement shows the receipts of flour and grain at this city, by railroads, for each week since the beginning of the year:

Week ending.	Flour, bbls.	Wheat, bus.	Oats, bus.	Barley, bus.	Corn, bus.	Rye, bus.
Jan'y 8	8,247	25,388	7,701	1,762	4,699	141
do 15	2,958	45,226	3,958	2,000	2,000	250
do 22	2,195	56,263	1,915	3,064	9,320	251
do 29	2,327	54,536	12,604	2,306	3,475	65
Feb. 5	3,669	94,524	12,917	1,850	7,467	104
do 12	3,266	58,150	9,767	1,195	6,121	252
do 19	2,018	47,419	10,122	1,767	6,506	99
do 26	2,240	40,718	8,824	3,102	5,902	359
Mar. 5	3,099	49,329	6,367	3,564	5,707	566
do 12	1,930	26,198	4,575	4,000	4,193	123
do 19	1,198	19,221	3,262	652	1,946	123
do 26	1,196	9,555	1,670	1,345	843	187
Apr. 2	3,281	29,856	5,924	3,178	4,424	285
do 9	2,516	14,664	6,116	1,714	4,253	181
do 16	3,906	26,854	4,203	1,673	4,031	91
do 23	2,291	5,148	1,823	1,451	2,189	27
do 30	1,117	15,769	1,155	223	630	....
May 7	1,825	19,850	3,252	756	748	....
do 14	3,099	66,227	11,981	731	1,734	....
July 21	5,066	125,367	31,082	2,973	2,923	19
do 28	2,262	49,224	15,135	574	6,506	240
June 4	2,816	57,653	11,229	619	5,046	....
do 11	1,725	30,106	5,956	92	1,906	58
do 18	2,155	15,824	6,674	251	649	77
do 25	1,107	21,559	7,473	....	2,353	....
July 2	1,129	15,516	2,131	314	1,295	70
do 9	1,852	6,541	1,902	114	1,000	54
do 16	1,699	21,716	3,664	281	2,592	74
do 23	571	12,557	4,571	72	3,022	151
do 30	659	5,566	3,064	102	2,263	37
Aug. 6	705	4,749	1,476	372	603	206
do 13	1,295	19,837	908	....	247	305
do 20	972	13,040	3,326	10	152	87
do 27	1,495	50,282	9,276	658	3,911	272
Sept. 3	3,096	137,342	1,816	1,463	1,553	582

Total receipts by railroads for the week:

Flour, bbls	3,096	Hides, lbs	12,152
Wheat, bus	137,342	Butter, lbs	9,055
Oats, bus	1,816	Rags, lbs	3,324
Corn, bus	1,463	Feed, lbs	200
Barley, bus	1,553	Hay, lbs	2,200
Rye, bus	582	Lead, lbs	100
Potatoes, bus	12	Pelts, lbs	200
Onions, bags	8	Pig Iron, tons	10
Pork, bbls	2	Stone, tons	40
Eggs, bbls	41	Wool, lbs	15
Ashes, bbls	31	Wood, cords	35
Poultry, bbls	10	Horses	2
Potash, casks	10	Sheep	20
Brooms, doz	72	Cattle, head	4
Pails, doz	100	Hogs	5
Lumber, feet	15,175	cars	1
Sundries, lbs	119,992		

Receipts by Lake for the week ending Saturday, as reported at the Custom House, were as follows: 200 tons mdz, 50 tons stone, 1,245 bbls apples, 72 bx do, 30 bbls pears, 8 bbls berries, 100 bbls oil, 174 bbls tobacco, 5 hhf-bbls do, 12 hhds do, 14 bbls alcohol, 36 bbls flour, 22 bbls sug, ar, 43 hhds do, 20 bbls highwines, 1 bbls beer, 1 bbl bottles, 5 hhf-bbls fish, 1,050 baskets peaches, 116 bus do, 1,507 pkgs sundries, 140 pkgs fish, 11 pkgs liquor, 54 chests tea, 193 bus potatoes, 1,207, 000 ft lumber, 25,000 ft sq timber, 200,000 shingles, 453,000 lath, 500 cedar posts, 350 cords wood, 55 cases drugs, 50 casks, 210 kegs nails, 1,940 bxs dry goods, 51 bxs boots and shoes, 70 bus ashes, 200 doz woodenware, 22 grindstones, 1 threshing machine, 4 horses, 2 wagons.

The shipments for the same period were: 321 bbls flour, 134,420 bus wheat, 50 bus corn, 25 tons mdz, 3 tons pig iron, 4 tons groceries, 12 tons sundries, 2 bxs do, 172 pkgs do, 24 bbls do, 45 bbls salt, 14 bbls pork, 8 bbls beef, 105 bbls whiskey, 5 bbls seed, 3 bbls apples, 10 bbls tobacco, 78 hhf bbls beer, 60 qr do, 352 hides, 300 bdls do, 6 bdls pelts, 36 packs rags, 10 bxs glue, 2 crates leather, 4 bdls hay, 650 ft lumber, 15m brick.

Those who feared that farmers would be imprudent enough to hoard their wheat for high prices, will, we are inclined to think, be soon convinced that there was no ground for uneasiness on this score. The wheat crop has just commenced to move, receipts last week having considerably more than doubled, as compared with the previous one, and being in excess of those for the corresponding week last year. The market was active, but devoid of fluctuations or excitement, and tolerably fair prices prevailed throughout the week. Flour felt the depression at the east, and suffered a slight decline, closing heavy and inactive. Receipts of other articles light and prices generally unchanged.

We are gratified to notice some indications of a revival from the excessive lethargy in which all branches of business have been reposing for two or three months past, although trade is yet far from being active. However, the increased receipts of produce and consequent stir of money, we are in hopes will soon give new life to business everywhere, and, therefore, we do not yet despair of a prosperous fall trade.

Receipts and shipment of flour and grain on Saturday were as follows:

Receipts.

	Flour, bbls.	Wheat, bus.	Oats, bus.	Corn, Barley, bus.	Rye, bus.
By M&Mis RR	36	18,726	....	455	31	20
By M&Min RR	350	6,000	....	....	....	....
By M&W R R.	114	6,900	....	66	....	....
By M&Hor RR	28	2,750	....	....	....	....
Total	528	34,376	....	521	31	20
In 1858	395	31,309	66	485	21	50

Shipments.

To Buffalo	....	33,000	....	....	....	....
To St Catherines	....	11,000	....	....	....	....
Total	....	....	....	44,000	....	....

On Saturday the wheat market was quite steady and active at Friday's quotations. We note sales of about 13,000 bus, at 70@71c for No. 2 spring, 72@75c for No. 1 do.; and at 77@80c for extra club. The majority of the sales of No. 1 and extra were at 73 and 78c, those going beyond these figures being comparatively few, and somewhat better than the standard grades. Oats were scarce and would have sold at 27c. Corn firm. Barley in better demand. Hides a shade firmer.

CHICAGO, SEPT. 2ND.—Receipts: 5,700 bbls flour, 54,115 bus wheat, 18,703 bus corn, 9,406 bus oats, 301 bus barley.

The wheat market to-day was more active, and spring grades were a shade firmer, notwithstanding the liberal receipts. Winter wheat, however, was in a manner neglected—the inquiry being almost exclusively confined to millers. About 80,000 bushels of all grades changed hands, at 90c for No. 1 red in store; 70c for No. 2 red; 73@74c for No. 1 spring; 70@71c for No. 2 spring; and 58c for rejected—all in store—nominal closing firm at about 70¾c for No. 2, and 73c for No. 1 spring. Under a good shipping demand for spring wheat flour, spring extras advanced 12½c. Winter wheat, however, was very dull, and but few sales were made at a considerable decline—buyers as a general thing refusing to make more than 2@2.50c difference between Chicago spring and white winter brands. About 1,500 bbls were sold on 'Change at $4,12½ for choice brands of spring extra; $3,90@4,00 for medium to fair do; $3,75 for low grade do; $3.70 for superfine spring and $4.50 for a small lot of white winter. Corn was in good demand and the market was very firm at yesterday's quotations. About 35,000 bushels changed hands at 29c for canal afloat; 30¾@31c for No. 1 in store; and 33¾@34c for No. 2—closing firm at the outside quotations. Oats were less active and somewhat lower.—About 4,500 bushels were sold at 25c for No. 1 in store, and 26½c afloat. Rye quiet at 50c, with less inquiry. Barley, 45c for No. 1 in store. Timothy seed steady and active, at $2,00 for good to prime, and $1,90 for inferior. Provisions inactive. About 50 bbls mess pork leaf lard was sold to-day at 11c. Tallow quiet at 10½@10¾c. Hides unchanged.

Weekly Review of Milwaukee Markets.

Monday Morning, September 5, 1859.

FREIGHTS.—We note the following charters during the week: Schr. *Nonpariel*, wheat to Buffalo at 4c; *Milwaukee Belle*, do. do.; Brig *Bay City*, do. do.; bark *Fontanelle*, wheat to Oswego at 7c. Rates on tour still remain unchanged.

FLOUR.—Receipts 3,096 bbls, against 1,495 for the previous week; and shipments 321 bbls, against 497. The market was rather depressed, under the influence of a continued downward tendency at the East, and prices suffered a decline of 12½@25c, country spring extra selling at $3,75@4,00, for good to choice brands, and city extra at $4,50. We note sales on Tuesday of 50 bbls spring extra at $4; 100 bbls do at $4,12½; Wednesday, 75 bbls superfine at $3,50; 100 bbls country spring extra at $3,75; 200 bbls "Empire" do at $4,00; 100 bbls "Stone Mills" (city) extra at $4,50. Thursday, 195 bbls country extra at $3,75; 100 bbls "White Lily" do at $4; 183 bbls "Mazomanie" (a very choice brand) do at $4,25—all f. o. b. Friday, 150 bbls superfine at $4,00; 200 bbls country extra at $3,75; 240 bbls "Stone Mills" (city) do at $4,50—both f. o.b.; 40 bbls do at the same price; 40 bbls "Augusta" (Michigan) w. w. at $5; and 30 bbls rye flour at $3,25. The market on Saturday closed heavy and without any sales.

WHEAT.—Receipts 137,342 bushels, against 50,284 for the previous week; and shipments 118,420 bus, against 20,383. For the benefit of our readers in the country, we reprint the three grades decided upon by the Chamber of Commerce, to govern the inspection of the new crop:

Extra, to be pure club, well cleaned, and to weigh 60 lbs to the measured bushel.

No. 1, to be sound, well cleaned, and to weigh 59 lbs to the measured bushel.

No. 2, to be sound, and to weigh 55 lbs to the measured bushel.

The large increase in receipts gave new life to the wheat market last week, some 12 to 20,000 bus changing hands each day. Prices fluctuated slightly, but at the close were about the same as the quotations ruling a week ago. We note the following sales from day to day during the week: Monday: 1,550 bus No. 2 at 70c; 1,500 bus No. 1 at 71c; 1,530 bus No. 1 at 72c; 970 bus No. 1 delivered in bags at 72c; 300 bus uninspected at 75c; 100 bus extra at 77c; 1,080 extra at 75c; 1,050 bus old No. 1 at 76c. Tuesday: 2,000 bus No. 1 club at 71c; 2,600 bus do at 72c, 2,000 bus do at 73c; 600 bus extra at 75c, (by sample); 700 bus do at 76c; 2,000 bus do at 77c; 200 bus do at 78c; 800 bus very choice extra do at 80c; 850 bus No. 2 at 70c. Wednesday: 12,150 bus as follows: 4,700 bus No. 1 spring in lots at 71c; 1,500 bus do at 72c; 1,000 bus, by sample, at 73c; 1,300 bus do at 73½c; 1,000 bus do at 75c; 300 bus extra club at 76c; 300 bus No. 2 at 69c; 150 bus No. 2 at 69c; 100 bus, by sample, at 70c. Thursday: 400 bushels No. 1 bus red winter at 76c. Thursday: 400 bushels No. 1 bus red winter at 76c. Thursday: 400 bushels No. 1 bus red winter at 76